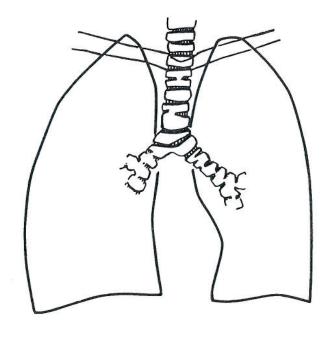


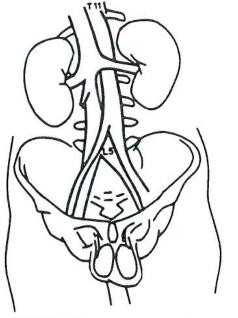
TESTIS (excluding lymphoma) STAGING DIAGRAM

SURMAUL

GIVED NAME

HEALTH CANE PLAN SK





SITE:	TEST	IS	RIGH	IT 🔲	LEFT		SCROTAL	☐ UNDESCENDED/ECTOPIC ☐
HISTOLOGY:	SEMI	NOMA		NON-SEI	MINOMA		вотн	
His	stologic	Subtypes	s:					
NEW Referred as part of definitive treatment (initial treatment of disease).				RECURRENT DISEASE Definitive treatment already received. Referred at recurrence.				REFERRED FOR FOLLOW-UP Previously treated and followed elsewhere before referral.
TNM 1997	Τ	\otimes						
CLINICAL	N	Χ	0	1	2	3		
	M	Χ	0	1a	1b		Site(s)_	
TNM 1997 PATHOLOGICAL	рТ	Χ	0	is	1	2	3	4
PATHOLOGICAL	pΝ	Χ	0	1	2	3		
	рΜ	Χ	0	1a	1b		Site(s)_	
S-SERUM TUMO	UR MA	RKERS:	Χ	0	1	2	3	
Completed by:							V -1110	Date:
Diagnosis/Stage a	amende	ed to:		***				
Reason:		1011		es.				
R _V .								Data

TNM 1997 CLINICAL & PATHOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION

TNM Clinical Classification			pTNM Pathological Classification		
T -	PRIMARY TUMOUR	pT -	PRIMARY TUMOUR		
X	The extent of the primary tumour is classified after radical orchiectomy; see pT. If no radical orchiectomy has been performed, TX is used	pTX pT0	Primary tumour cannot be assessed (if no radical orchiectomy has been performed, TX is used) No evidence of primary tumour (eg: histologic scar in		
N - NX N0 N1 N2	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis Metastasis with a lymph node mass 2 cm or less in greatest dimension or multiple lymph nodes, none more than 2 cm in greatest transverse dimension Metastasis with a lymph node mass more than 2 cm but not more than 5 cm in greatest dimension, or multiple lymph nodes, any one mass more than 2 cm but not more than 5 cm in greatest transverse dimension Metastasis with a lymph node mass more than 5 cm in greatest transverse dimension	PTis pT1 pT2 pT3 pT4	testis) Intratubular germ cell neoplasia (carcinoma in situ) Tumour limited to testis and epididymis without vascular/lymphatic invasion; tumour may invade tunica albuginea but not tunica vaginalis Tumour limited to testis and epididymis with vascular/lymphatic invasion, or tumour extending through tunica albuginea with involvement of tunica vaginalis Tumour invades spermatic cord with or without vascular/lymphatic invasion Tumour invades scrotum with or without vascular/lymphatic invasion		
M	DISTANT METASTASIS	pN -	REGIONAL LYMPH NODES (cN or pN)		
MX M0 M1 M1a M1b	Distant metastasis cannot be assessed No distant metastasis Distant metastasis Non-regional lymph node or pulmonary metastasis Distant metastasis other than to non-regional lymph nodes and lungs		Regional Nodes: abdominal para-aortic (periaortic), preaortic, interaortocaval, precaval, paracaval, retrocaval, and retroaortic nodes. Nodes along the spermatic vein should be considered regional. Laterality does not affect the N classification. The intrapelvic nodes and the inguinal nodes are considered regional after scrotal or inguinal surgery.		
		pNX pN0 pN1	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis Metastasis with a lymph node mass 2 cm or less in greatest dimension and 5 or fewer positive lymph nodes, none more than 2 cm in greatest dimension Metastasis with a lymph node mass more than 2 cm but		
		pN3	not more than 5 cm in greatest dimension, or more than 5 nodes positive, none more than 5 cm; or evidence of extranodal extension of tumour Metastasis with a lymph node mass more than 5 cm in greatest dimension		
		pM	DISTANT METASTASIS		

The pM category corresponds to the M category

S - SERUM TUMOUR MARKERS - (based on nadir value after orchiectomy)

SX	Serum marker studies not available or not performed
SO	Serum marker study levels within normal limits

	<u>LDH</u>		hCG(mIU/mI)		AFG(ng/ml)
S1	<1.5 x N*	and	<5,000	and	<1,000
S2	1.5 - 10 x N*	and/or	5,000-50,000	and/or	1,000-10,000
S3	>10 x N*	or	>50,000	or	>10,000

*N = upper limit of normal for the LDH assay

HISTOLOGIC SUBTYPES (partial list):

SEMINOMA NONSEMINOMA

Seminoma, NOS; Anaplastic; Spermatocytic

Embryonal carcinoma; Endodermal sinus - yolk sac carcinoma Teratoma - mature; Teratocarcinoma (embryonal + teratoma)

Malignant Teratoma - undiff., or intermediate Choriocarcinoma combined with teratoma

Malignant teratoma trophoblasatic