# BC Cancer Protocol Summary for Treatment of Polycythemia Vera with Ruxolitinib

Protocol Code LKPCVRUX

Tumour Group Leukemia/BMT

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### **ELIGIBILITY:**

Polycythemia vera resistant or intolerant to hydroxyurea

### **TESTS:**

- Baseline: CBC & Diff, creatinine, total bilirubin, ALT, ECG
- Baseline (required, but results do not have to be available to proceed with first treatment; results must be checked before proceeding with cycle 2): HBsAg, HBsAb, HBcoreAb
- During dosage titration (physician will be responsible to check and advise patient on dose adjustment): CBC & Diff
  - o First 3 months: every 1-2 weeks
  - o 3-6 months: every 2-4 weeks
  - o After 6 months of therapy: every 1-3 months
- If clinically indicated: creatinine, total bilirubin, ALT, ECG, HBV viral load (see SCHBV)

## PREMEDICATIONS:

None

#### TREATMENT:

Drug	Platelet* (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	Dose**	BC Cancer Administration Guideline
ruxolitinib	100 or greater	Start at 10 mg BID	PO
	50 to less than 100	Start at 5 mg BID	

<sup>\*</sup> Plus ANC greater or equal 1.0 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L

Assess response after 24 weeks.

<sup>\*\*</sup> May increase dose 8 weeks after initiation, and then at intervals of 2 weeks or longer. Platelet should be 125 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L or higher and ANC 0.75 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L or higher. Dose may be *increased by* a maximum of 5 mg BID up to *a dose of* 25 mg BID.

# **DOSE MODIFICATIONS:**

# 1. Hematological:

Hemoglobin (g/L)		Platelet (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L)		ANC (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	Total daily dose
Less than 80	or	Less than 50	or	Less than 0.5	Hold until recovery of blood counts, then restart at 5 mg BID

# **Dosing recommendations for thrombocytopenia**

	Dose at Time of Platelet Decline				
Platelet Count (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	25 mg BID	20 mg BID	15 mg BID	10 mg BID	5 mg BID
,	New dose <b>↓</b>	New dose <b>↓</b>	New dose <b>↓</b>	New dose <b>↓</b>	New dose
100 to less than 125	20 mg BID	15 mg BID	No change	No change	No change
75 to less than 100	10 mg BID	10 mg BID	10 mg BID	No change	No change
50 to less than 75	5 mg BID	5 mg BID	5 mg BID	5 mg BID	No change
Less than 50	Hold until recovery, then restart at 5 mg BID				

# 2. Renal dysfunction:

Renal dysfunction	Platelet (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	Dosing	
Creatinine clearance less	greater than or equal to 100	5 mg BID starting dose	
than 50 mL/min	less than 100	Avoid	
On dialysis	100 or greater	10 mg single dose after hemodialysis	
,	less than 100	Avoid	

### PRECAUTIONS:

- Anemia and thrombocytopenia: patients may require dose adjustment (see above) and transfusion support. Platelet nadir at approx 4 weeks, hemoglobin nadir at approximately 12 weeks.
- 2. **Arrhythmia:** A decrease in heart rate and prolongation of PR interval was noted on ECG in ruxolitinib treated patients. The clinical significance of these findings remains unclear.
- 3. **Hepatic dysfunction:** consider reducing dose in patients with hepatic impairment (e.g., start at 10 mg BID).
- 4. **Infections:** hepatitis B, tuberculosis, JC virus and herpes zoster infections have been reported. Incidence of herpes zoster in ruxolitinib treated polycythemia vera patients was 6.4% over 32 weeks.
- 5. Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML): has been reported.
- 6. **Non-melanoma skin cancer (NMSC)**: includes basal call, squamous cell, and Merkel cell carcinoma. Most patients had previously treated with long duration of hydroxyurea and prior history of NMSC or pre-malignant skin lesions. Patients should minimize exposure to risk factors for skin cancer while on ruxolitinib.
- 7. **Lipid abnormalities**: include increases in total cholesterol, LDL, cholesterol, and triglycerides.
- 8. **Hepatitis B Reactivation:** Low risk of hepatitis B reactivation. See <u>SCHBV protocol</u> for monitoring requirements.

Call Dr. Donna Forrest or tumour group delegate at (604) 875-4337 with any problems or questions regarding this treatment program.

### References:

Alessandro M. Vannucchi AM, et al. Ruxolitinib versus standard therapy for the treatment of polycythemia vera. N Engl J Med 2015;372:426-35.