

For the Patient: LUAVCRIZF

Other Names: First-line Treatment of ALK-positive Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) with Crizotinib

LU = LUng AV = AdVanced CRIZ = CRIZotinib F = First-line

ABOUT THIS MEDICATION

What is this drug used for?

Crizotinib is a drug given to treat Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer that is anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) mutation-positive. It is a capsule which is taken by mouth.

How does this drug work?

Crizotinib works by interfering with certain enzymes called tyrosine kinases that are important in transmitting the chemical signals needed for essential processes like cell division and replication in cancer cells.

INTENDED BENEFITS

This treatment is being given to slow down the growth of cancer cells in your body. This treatment can help with controlling some of the symptoms the cancer may be causing and may delay or prevent new symptoms from starting.

LUAVCRIZF TREATMENT SUMMARY

How is this drug given?

- Crizotinib is taken twice a day, continuously, as long as you are benefiting from treatment and not having too many side effects.
- Crizotinib should be swallowed whole with a glass of water, and can be taken with food or on an empty stomach.

What will happen when I get the drug?

- A blood test is done within one month of starting treatment.
- A blood test is also done two weeks after starting treatment and each time you see your oncologist.
- The dose of your treatment may be changed based on your blood test results and/or other side effects.

BC Cancer Protocol Summary (Patient Version) LUAVCRIZF

Developed: 1 May 2016

Revised: 1 Feb 2019 (removal of CAP)

SIDE EFFECTS AND MANAGEMENT:

- Your oncologist will review the risks of treatment and possible side effects with you before starting treatment.
- The pharmacist will review how to take the medication and possible side effects with you on the day you first pick up your medication.
- Unexpected and unlikely side effects can occur with any drug treatment. *The ones listed below are particularly important for you to be aware of.* Please refer to the patient information handout entitled "*For the Patient: Crizotinib*" for a <u>complete</u> list of possible side effects and their management.

SERIOUS SIDE EFFECTS	MANAGEMENT
Slow or abnormal heart rhythm (QT prolongation) rarely occurs	 Minimize your risk of abnormal heart rhythm by: Always checking with your doctor and pharmacist about drug interactions when starting a new medication, herbal product or supplement. Avoiding grapefruit and grapefruit juice and other similar fruits when taking crizotinib. Tell your doctor immediately or get emergency help if your heart is beating irregularly or fast or if you feel faint, lightheaded or dizzy.
Liver failure rarely occurs	 Regular blood tests will be done throughout your treatment to monitor your liver function. See your oncologist as soon as possible if you have signs of liver problems such as yellow eyes or skin, white or clay-colored stools.
Lung problems rarely occur	Tell your doctor immediately or get emergency help if you have difficulty breathing, shortness of breath, cough or tightness in the chest.

OTHER SIDE EFFECTS	MANAGEMENT
Eye problems, such as blurry or double vision, flashes of light and poor night vision commonly occur	 Use caution when driving or operating machinery, especially at night. Tell your doctor at your next visit, especially if the changes don't go away or get worse.
Diarrhea may sometimes occur	To help diarrhea:
	Drink plenty of liquids.
	Eat and drink often in small amounts.
	Avoid high fibre foods as outlined in Food Ideas to Help with Diarrhea During Chemotherapy.

BC Cancer Protocol Summary (Patient Version) LUAVCRIZF

Developed: 1 May 2016

Revised: 1 Feb 2019 (removal of CAP)

OTHER SIDE EFFECTS	MANAGEMENT
Constipation may sometimes occur	 To help with constipation: Drink plenty of liquids. Try the ideas in Suggestions for Dealing with Constipation.
Normal white blood cells protect your body by fighting bacteria (germs) that cause infection. When they are low, you are at greater risk of having an infection	 To help prevent infection: Wash your hands often and always after using the bathroom. Avoid crowds and people who are sick. Call your doctor <i>immediately</i> at the first sign of an infection such as a fever (over 100°F or 38°C by an oral thermometer), chills, cough, or burning when you pass urine.
Nausea and vomiting may occur. Most people have little or no nausea	 To help with nausea or vomiting: Drink plenty of liquids. Eat and drink often in small amounts. Try the ideas in Food Choices to Help Control Nausea
Swelling of hands, feet, or lower legs may sometimes occur if your body retains extra fluid	If swelling is a problem:Elevate your feet when sitting.Avoid tight clothing.
Numbness or tingling of the fingers or toes may sometimes occur	 Be careful when handing items that are sharp, hot or cold. Tell your doctor at your next visit, especially if you have trouble with buttons, writing, or picking up small objects.
Your skin may sunburn more easily than usual	After sun exposure, if you have severe sunburn or a skin reaction such as itching, rash or swelling, contact your doctor.
Tiredness and lack of energy may sometimes occur	 Do not drive a car or operate machinery if you are feeling tired. Try the ideas in Your Bank to Energy Savings: Helping People with Cancer Handle Fatigue.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PATIENT

What other drugs can interact with LUAVCRIZF?

- Other drugs such as ketoconazole (NIZORAL®) and rifampin (RIFADIN®) may <u>interact</u> with crizotinib. Tell your doctor if you are taking these or any other drugs as you may need extra blood tests, your dose may need to be changed or your treatment may need to be held for a few days.
- Check with your doctor or pharmacist before you start or stop taking any new prescription or non-prescription drugs, including natural health products.

Other important things to know:

- Avoid <u>grapefruit</u> and <u>grapefruit juice</u> as these may interact with crizotinib.
- If you <u>miss a dose</u> of crizotinib, take it as soon as you can if it is within six hours of the missed dose. If it is more than six hours since your missed dose, skip the missed dose and go back to your usual dosing times.
- If you <u>vomit</u> within 30 minutes of taking crizotinib, skip the missed dose and go back to your usual dosing times. Do not take any doses to make up for the missed dose.
- The drinking of alcohol (in small amounts) does not appear to affect the safety or usefulness of this treatment.
- Crizotinib may damage sperm and may harm the baby if used during pregnancy. It is
 best to use <u>birth control</u> while you are being treated with crizotinib and for 3 months after
 stopping treatment. Tell your doctor right away if you or your partner becomes
 pregnant. Do not breast feed during treatment.
- Store crizotinib capsules out of the reach of children, at room temperature, away from heat, light and moisture.
- Tell all doctors or dentists you see that you are being treated with crizotinib before you receive any treatment from them.

If you experience symptoms or changes in your body that have not been described in "For the Patient: Crizotinib" but worry you, or if any symptoms are severe, contact:
at telephone number.

BC Cancer Protocol Summary (Patient Version) LUAVCRIZF Developed: 1 May 2016

Revised: 1 Feb 2019 (removal of CAP)