BC Cancer Protocol Summary for Second-Line Chemotherapy of Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) With Pemetrexed

Protocol Code:

Tumour Group:

Contact Physician:

ELIGIBILITY:

- Advanced non-small cell lung cancer
 - Restricted to disease of non-squamous cell histology
 - Disease of squamous cell histology may be treated only if a contraindication to Docetaxel exists
- Treatment of disease progression in patients who have received prior platinumbased chemotherapy
- ECOG performance status 0, 1 or 2
- In any one patient either LUAVPEM or LUAVDOC (i.e.- one or the other, but not both) will be reimbursed

EXCLUSIONS:

- ECOG 3 or 4
- Prior treatment with LUAVPP or LUAVPMTN; BC Cancer Compassionate Access Program (CAP) approval must be obtained.

TESTS:

- Baseline: CBC & Diff, creatinine, alkaline phosphatase, ALT, total bilirubin, LDH
 - C-reactive protein and albumin (optional, and results do not have to be available to proceed with first treatment)
- Before each treatment: CBC & Diff, alkaline phosphatase, ALT, total bilirubin, LDH
- If clinically indicated: creatinine

PREMEDICATIONS:

- Vitamin supplementation mandatory starting at least 7 days prior to the first cycle, and to continue while on treatment until 21 days after last pemetrexed dose:
 - folic Acid 0.4 mg PO daily
 - vitamin B12 1000 mcg IM every 9 weeks
- Prophylaxis for skin rash: dexamethasone 4 mg PO BID for 3 days, beginning the day before chemotherapy. (May proceed with chemotherapy even if patient has not taken the pre-treatment dexamethasone doses. Instruct patient to begin immediately.)

LUAVPEM

Lung

Dr. Christopher Lee

TREATMENT:

Drug	Dose	BC Cancer Administration Guideline
pemetrexed	500 mg/m²	IV in 100 mL NS over 10 minutes

Repeat every 21 days until progression

DOSE MODIFICATIONS:

1. HEMATOLOGY

Based on day 1 counts

ANC (x 10 ⁹ /L)		Platelets (x 10 ⁹ /L)	Dose
Greater than or equal to 1.5	and	Greater than or equal to 100	100%
Less than 1.5	or	less than 100	Delay

2. RENAL DYSFUNCTION

Creatinine Clearance (mL/min)	Dose
Greater than or equal to 45	100%
Less than 45	Delay

3. MUCOSITIS

For next cycle

Mucositis Grade	Dose	
0-2	100%	
3-4	50% previous dose*	
*Discontinue treatment after two dose reductions		

4. OTHER TOXICITIES

For any other grade 3 or higher toxicity, delay treatment until toxicity resolves, then resume with 25% dose decrease if considered appropriate to resume by attending oncologist

Warning: The information contained in these documents are a statement of consensus of BC Cancer professionals regarding their views of currently accepted approaches to treatment. Any clinician seeking to apply or consult these documents is expected to use independent medical judgement in the context of individual clinical circumstances to determine any patient's care or treatment. Use of these documents is at your own risk and is subject to BC Cancer's terms of use available at www.bccancer.bc.ca/legal.htm

PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. **Vitamin supplements**: Appropriate prescription of folic Acid and vitamin B12 is essential. The incidence of adverse events such as febrile neutropenia related to pemetrexed is higher without vitamin supplementation.
- 2. **NSAIDS**: Concurrent nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agents should be avoided as they may decrease the renal clearance of pemetrexed.
- 3. **Neutropenia**: Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated aggressively.

Contact Dr. Christopher Lee or tumour group delegate at (604) 930-2098 or 1-800-523-2885 with any problems or questions regarding this treatment program.

REFERENCES:

Hanna N, Shepherd FA, Fossella FV, et al. Randomized phase III study of pemetrexed versus docetaxel in patients with non-small-cell lung cancer previously treated with chemotherapy. J Clin Oncol 2004; 22: 1589-1597.