

BC Cancer Protocol Summary for Treatment of Newly Diagnosed Nasal, Extranodal Natural Killer (NK) or T-cell lymphoma, using Concurrent Radiation and weekly CISplatin followed by Etoposide, Ifosfamide, CISplatin and Dexamethasone

Protocol Code

LYVIPDRT

Tumour Group

Lymphoma

Contact Physician

Dr. Kerry Savage

ELIGIBILITY:

Patients must have:

- Newly diagnosed nasal, extranodal NK/T-Cell lymphoma (ENKTL), stage IE to IIE, and
- ECOG 0-2

EXCLUSIONS:

Patients must not have:

- Prior or concomitant malignant tumours,
- ENKTL with non-nasal sites, or
- Other subtypes of non-Hodgkin's lymphoma

CAUTION:

- Age greater than 65 to 70 years,
- Bilirubin greater than or equal to 2 x ULN, and
- ALT greater than or equal to 3 X ULN

TESTS:

- Baseline: CBC & Diff, creatinine, sodium, potassium, calcium, albumin, magnesium, total bilirubin, ALT, LDH, Hepatitis B serology (HBsAg, HBsAb, HBcore Ab), if not previously done
- Cycle 1 day 1, 8, 15, 22: CBC & Diff, creatinine
- Cycle 2, 3, 4 day 1: CBC & Diff, creatinine
- Cycle 2, 3, 4 days 1 to 3: urine dipstick for blood
- If clinically indicated: HBV viral load, ALT (see protocol [SCHBV](#))

PREHYDRATION:

1000 mL NS with potassium chloride 20 mEq and magnesium sulfate 2 g IV over 1 hour prior to CISplatin

ANTIEMETICS:

Antiemetic protocol for highly emetogenic chemotherapy (see [SCNAUSEA](#) protocol)

ANTIVIRAL:

High risk of hepatitis B reactivation. If HBsAg or HBcoreAb positive, follow hepatitis B prophylaxis as per [SCHBV](#).

TREATMENT:**Cycle 1: Weekly CISplatin with Radiation Therapy**

Since CISplatin is a radio-sensitizing agent, it is to be administered on a day when radiation therapy is delivered. If radiation therapy is cancelled, do not give CISplatin that day: postpone until radiation therapy resumes.

Drug	Dose	BC Cancer Administration Guideline
CISplatin	30 mg/m ²	IV in 500 mL NS over 1 hour*

* Concomitant with RT:

Repeat weekly x 4

Cycle 2 to start 3 to 5 weeks after completion of radiation therapy and recovery of adverse effects from combined modality therapy. Repeat every 21 days for 2 cycles i.e., cycles 3 and 4

Cycle 2, 3, 4: etoposide, Ifosfamide, CISplatin, dexamethasone (VIPD)

Drug	Dose	BC Cancer Administration Guideline
etoposide	100 mg/m ² /day x 3 days (days 1 to 3)	IV in 250 to 1000 mL NS over 45 minutes to 1 hour and 30 minutes (use non-DEHP equipment with 0.2 micron in-line filter)
ifosfamide	1200 mg/m ² /day x 3 days (days 1 to 3)	IV in 500 D51/2NS over 1 hour
mesna (IV)	240 mg/m ² /day x 3 days (days 1 to 3)	IV in 100 mL D5W over 15 min
mesna (PO)	480 mg/m ² /dose x 3 days (days 1 to 3)	PO in carbonated beverage at 4 and 8 hours after completion of ifosfamide infusion as outpatient
CISplatin	33 mg/m ² day x 3 days (days 1 to 3)	IV in 500 mL NS with potassium chloride 20 mEq and magnesium sulfate 1 g and mannitol 30 g over 1 hour
dexamethasone	40 mg on days 1 to 4	PO

DOSE MODIFICATIONS:

1. Hematological:

Cycle 1 Day 1, 8, 15, 22

ANC (x 10 ⁹ /L)		Platelets (x 10 ⁹ /L)	Dose
greater than or equal to 0.8	and	greater than or equal to 80	100%
less than 0.8	or	less than 80	50% dose reduction

Table 1. CYCLE 2 to 4, Day 1

ANC (x 10 ⁹ /L)		Platelets (x 10 ⁹ /L)	Dose
greater than or equal to 1.5	and	greater than or equal to 75	100% all drugs
less than 1.5	or	less than 75	delay 1 week and repeat CBC

Table 2. Cycles 2 to 4, Day 1

ANC less than 1.5 x10⁹/L and/or platelets less than 75 x 10⁹/L **after a one week delay**

ANC (x 10 ⁹ /L)		Platelets (x 10 ⁹ /L)	Dose
greater than or equal to 1	or	greater than or equal to 50	100% CISplatin 75% ifosfamide, mesna, etoposide
less than 1	or	less than 50	delay 1 week and repeat CBC

Table 3. Cycles 2 to 6, Day 1

ANC less than 1.5 x10⁹/L and/or platelets less than 75 x 10⁹/L **after a two week delay**

ANC (x 10 ⁹ /L)		Platelets (x 10 ⁹ /L)	Dose
greater than or equal to 1	or	greater than or equal to 50	100% CISplatin 75% ifosfamide, mesna, etoposide
less than 1	or	less than 50	discontinue

2. Renal dysfunction:

Table 1. Cycle 1 to 4

Creatinine Clearance (mL/min)	Dose
Greater than or equal to 40 mL/min	100 %
less than 40 mL/min	delay 1 week and repeat CrCl

Table 2. Cycles 1 to 4

CrCl less than 40 mL/min **after a one week delay**

Creatinine Clearance (mL/min)	Dose
Greater than or equal to 40 mL/min	100 %
less than 40 mL/min	delay 1 week and repeat CrCl

Table 3. Cycles 1 to 4

CrCl less than 40 mL/min **after a two week delay**

Creatinine Clearance (mL/min)	Dose
Greater than or equal to 40 mL/min	100 %
less than 40 mL/min	discontinue CISplatin

PRECAUTIONS:

1. **Neutropenia:** Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated aggressively. Refer to BC Cancer Febrile Neutropenia Guidelines.
2. **Extravasation:** Etoposide causes pain and tissue necrosis if extravasated. Refer to BC Cancer Extravasation Guidelines.
3. **Etoposide hypersensitivity:** Monitor infusion of etoposide for the first 15 minutes for signs of hypotension. Refer to BC Cancer SCDRUGRX protocol.
4. **Urotoxicity:** Ifosfamide can cause hemorrhagic cystitis, hematuria and nephrotoxicity. Administration with MESNA and ample hydration is required (also see SCMESNA protocol). Avoid concurrent nephrotoxic drugs.
5. **Venous access:** Ensure good venous access prior to starting ifosfamide so that mesna can be given at completion of ifosfamide.
6. **CNS toxicity:** Ifosfamide can cause encephalopathy (manifest as confusion, lethargy, seizures or coma). Avoid CNS depressant medications. If drowsiness develops while receiving ifosfamide, discontinue all sedating medications and

continue ifosfamide. If patient is confused, not arousable or comatose, discontinue ifosfamide. If ifosfamide is the cause of CNS depression, then it should not be given again. If the CNS changes are not due to ifosfamide, then ifosfamide can be re-instituted providing the previous medications contributing to CNS toxicity are not given again with it. If a seizure occurs on ifosfamide, then that cycle should be discontinued. Further cycles may be given if the patient is on anticonvulsants.

7. Hepatitis B Reactivation: See [SCHBV protocol](#) for more details.

Call Dr. Kerry Savage or tumour group delegate at (604) 877-6000 or 1-800-663-3333 with any problems or questions regarding this treatment program.

References:

1. Kim, Seok Jun, et al. Phase II Trial of Concurrent Radiation and Weekly Cisplatin Followed by VIPD Chemotherapy in Newly Diagnosed, Stage IE to IIE, Nasal, Extranodal NK/T-Cell Lymphoma: Consortium for Improving Survival of Lymphoma Study. J Clin Oncol 2009;27:6027-6032
2. Fresenius Kabi Canada Ltd. Ifosfamide product monograph. Toronto, ON. 18 April 2017.
3. Baxter Corp. Uromitexan® (mesna) product monograph. Mississauga, ON. 6 August 2013.