BCCA Protocol Summary for the Treatment of Multiple Myeloma Using Melphalan and Prednisone

Protocol Code        MYMP
Tumour Group         Lymphoma
Contact Physician    Dr. Kevin Song

ELIGIBILITY:
- Multiple myeloma
- All patients with myeloma who are judged candidates for chemotherapy

EXCLUSIONS:
- None

TESTS:
- Baseline (required before first treatment): CBC and diff, platelets, bilirubin, AST, ALT, serum protein electrophoresis, urine protein electrophoresis, calcium, creatinine
- Baseline (required, but results do not have to be available to proceed with first treatment; results must be checked before proceeding with cycle 2): skeletal survey X-rays, HBsAg, HBcoreAg
- Before each treatment: CBC and diff, platelets, serum protein electrophoresis (if paraprotein detected originally), calcium, creatinine
- If clinically indicated: skeletal survey X-rays (at least annually)

PREMEDICATIONS:
- None

TREATMENT:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drug</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>BCCA Administration Guideline</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>melphalan</td>
<td>9 mg/m²/day on days 1-4</td>
<td>PO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>predniSONE</td>
<td>100 mg/day on days 1-4</td>
<td>PO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Repeat every 28 days.

Treatment can be given for up to one year or up to 6 months after a plateau phase has been achieved (whichever is shorter).

Discontinue when no further response detectable for at least two cycles (usually established by plateau of monoclonal paraprotein level).
DOSE MODIFICATIONS: apply on the day of treatment

1. Hematological

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ANC (x10^9/L)</th>
<th>Platelets (x10^9/L)</th>
<th>Dose (melphalan)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>greater than 3</td>
<td>greater than 200</td>
<td>Increase by 2 mg/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-3</td>
<td>greater than or equal to 100</td>
<td>100% of previous dose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>less than 1</td>
<td>less than 100</td>
<td>Check CBC &amp; diff weekly, resume treatment when ANC is greater than 1 and platelets greater than 100 and use new interval of 6 weeks. If after 6 weeks ANC is still less than 1 or platelets less than 100, reduce dose of melphalan to 75 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


PRECAUTIONS:

1. Neutropenia: Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated aggressively.

2. Hepatitis B Reactivation: All lymphoma patients should be tested for both HBsAg and HBCAb. If either test is positive, corticosteroids should be omitted from treatment and such patients should be treated with lamIVUDine during chemotherapy and for six months afterwards. Such patients should also be monitored with frequent liver function tests and hepatitis B virus DNA at least every two months. If the hepatitis B virus DNA level rises during this monitoring, management should be reviewed with an appropriate specialist with experience managing hepatitis and consideration given to halting chemotherapy.

Call Dr. Kevin Song (Leukemia/BMT) or Dr Laurie Sehn (Lymphoma) or tumour group delegate with any problems or questions regarding this treatment program. (Leukemia/BMT at (604) 875-4863 or after hours (604) 875-4111; Lymphoma at (604) 877-6000 or 1-800-663-3333)

Date activated: N/A
Date last revised: 1 Oct 2015 (Include endpoint to treatment)

References:

1. Standard treatment, see current hematology textbooks