

PSMA PET/CT REQUISITION

Molecular Imaging and Therapy - Victoria PET Reception: (250) 519-5754 PET Fax: (250) 519-5458 Current Date: Referring Physician: For Department use only Phone: _____ Fax: Scan Date: _____Time: ____ Indication #:_____ 1 \(\text{\bar} \) 2 \(\text{\bar} \) Clinical Trial Information (if applicable) Details: Clinical Trial Name: V-T: ☐ Other: Routine: Contact Person: Date: _____ PET Dr. Initial: _____ Phone Number: Patient Information Important:Mandatory:Height:_____Weight:_____(kg / lb)PSA within last 3 months? Value:______ Date:______ Preferred Name: Middle Date of Birth: D_____ M___ Y____ PHN: _____ Home Address:) _____ Work: () ____ Mobile: () ____ Home Phone: (Temporary Address: _____ Temporary Phone: () _____ Family Physician: () Phone: (Patient Mobility: Ambulatory ☐ Wheelchair ☐ Stretcher ☐ **Diagnosis/Pertinent History** Indication for PSMA PET/CT Imaging (select one or more criteria below 1 - 6): ☐ 1) Localized prostate cancer considered for definitive therapy when conventional imaging is equivocal for metastatic disease. □ 2) NCCN high to very high risk localized prostate cancer with negative conventional imaging prior to consideration of curative intent therapy. □ 3) Clinically oligometastatic or oligoprogressive disease on prior imaging, being considered for metastases-directed therapy. 4) Localization of biochemical cancer Recurrent (BCR) or Persistent (BCP) prostate cancer following curative-intent therapy in the following settings*:

- a.

 Pathologically node positive post RP with a PSA > 0.1 ng/mL at least 6 weeks after RP.
- b. \square BCP with persistently elevated PSA > 0.1 ng/mL on first post RP PSA between 6 weeks and 3 months after Radical Prostatectomy when Gleason Grade Group (ISUP) 4-5.
- c. BCR with a PSA > 0.2 ng/mL more than 6 weeks post Radical Prostatectomy when either PSA doubling time < 12 months OR Gleason Grade Group (ISUP) 4-5.
- d. \square BCR with a PSA > 0.4 ng/mL more than 6 weeks post Radical Prostatectomy.
- e. ☐ BCR post curative intent radiotherapy +/- adjuvant hormone therapy: i.e. a rise in PSA of ≥ 2 ng/mL above nadir.
- f. ☐ BCR (Increase in PSA to ≥ 0.4 ng/mL) after prostatectomy and salvage radiotherapy +/- hormone therapy, where there is intent for further salvage therapy (e.g., SABR/metastases directed therapy).

	□ 5) Castration resistant PC with evidence of biochemical or imaging progression. Treatment does not need to b before the PET scan. Progression is defined by any of the following: A minimum PSA of 2.0 ng/mL and 2 consect above the nadir and castrate levels of testosterone (<1.7 nmol/L), soft tissue disease progression on chest, above CT or MR (RECIST v1.1), or bone progression ≥ 2 new lesions on bone scan.		
☐ 6) To determine eligibility for PSMA-targeted radioligand therapy.			adioligand therapy.
Г	□ 7) Clinical scenarios not included on this list but deemed appropriate after consensus at an appropriate BC Cancer Tumour Conference which includes expert imaging review. Describe below:		
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ii)	requirement prior to requesting PSMA	PET. d no treatment i	propriate in each setting of criteria 4, if the PSA is very high, but is not a second PSMA PET should not be requested for at least 6 months a BC Cancer Tumour Conference
	patient require an interpreter?	Y 🗆 N 🗆	Language:
Does patient have any drug allergies? Y \(\simeg \) \(\simeg \)			Lunguage.
CT scan within 3 months?			Date:
MRI scan within 3 months? Y □ N □		$Y \square N \square$	Date:
Nuclear Med scan within 3 months? Y □ N □		$Y \square N \square$	Date:
Previo	us PET or PET/CT scan?	Y 🗆 N 🗆	Location/date:
Doctor's Signature:			MSP No:
Addition	onal Copies of Report		
BC Cancer	- Victoria		April 2025

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