





# Screening for Distress: Implementation and Outcomes in Three Provinces

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# Purpose

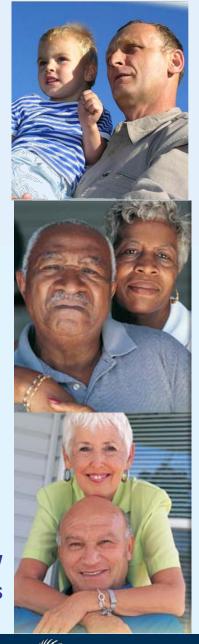
- Share with participants the current state of Screening for Distress in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta
- Share some of the data emerging from these implementations
- Provide participants with insight into our future directions
  - This presentation emerged from an exciting new collaboration building upon Screening for Distress



A COMPASS
to
Person Centred Care:
Rural & Urban Patient
Reported Results

Feb 26, 2014

Jill Taylor-Brown, MSW, RSW Director, Patient and Family Support Services



#### COMPASS collaborators in rural Manitoba

**Eriksdale**: Erin Roehl (Program Assistant)

Neepawa: Joanne Nelson and Kristyn Wilson (Nurses)

**Hamiota**: Sharon Armitage (Nurse)

**Deloraine**: Megan Vandenberghe (Nurse)

**Boundary Trails**: Anna Friesen (Nurse)

Portage: Cheryl Longmuir(Nurse)

**WMCC**: Brenda Hiebert (Nurse)

Russell: Danielle Beischer (Nurse)

Gimli: Julie Kumps (Nurse)

**Selkirk**: Melanie Bernas (Nurse)

**Dauphin**: Karen McPhee (Nurse)

**Swan River**: Lee-Anne Campbell (Nurse)

Steinbach: Sheri Bueckert (OSW)

Pinawa: Susan Barnett (OSW)

The Pas: Lesley Harvey (Nurse)

Flin Flon: Shawn Krassilowsky (Nurse)

**Thompson**: Margaret Paradis (Nurse)

# SCREENING FOR DISTRESS

Jill Taylor-Brown, Lead Donna Bell, Project Manager Heather CampbellEnns, Implementation Facilitator

# RURAL IMPLEMENTATION TEAM:

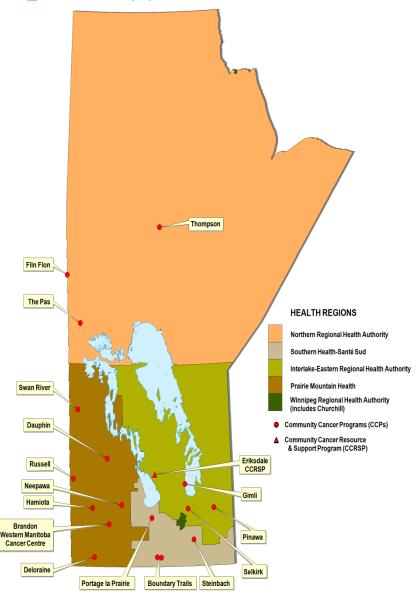
Patricia
Bocangel,
Coordinator
Megan McLeod
Zenith Poole
Jodi Hyman



# C (

#### **COMMUNITY CANCER PROGRAMS IN MANITOBA**

**Bringing Cancer Care Closer to Home** 



#### COMPASS:

**COM**prehensive **P**roblem **A**nd **S**ymptom **S**creening:

- ESASr
- Canadian Problem Checklist
- Additional question on smoking

#### • Since 2012:

- Used at Every physician visit
- At every clinic at CCMB and all CCPs (except Surg Oncology)

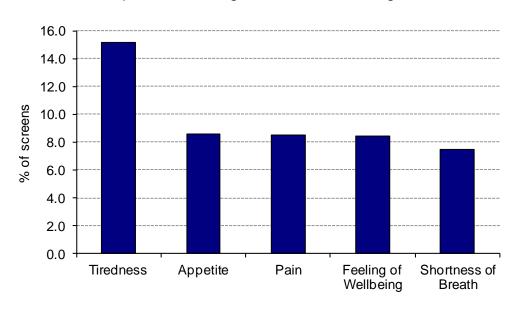


# PATIENT REPORTED SYMPTOMS AND PROBLEMS JAN-AUG 2012 N=17,056

#### TOP 5 ESAS IN 7 – 10 RANGE

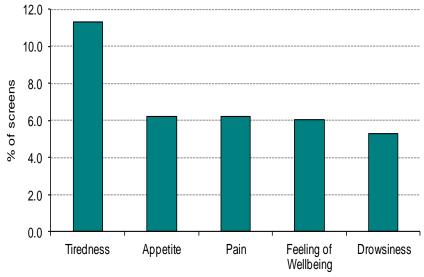
CANCERCARE MANITOBA WINNIPEG CLINICS N=11,438

Top 5 ESAS categories in the 7-10 range for CCMB



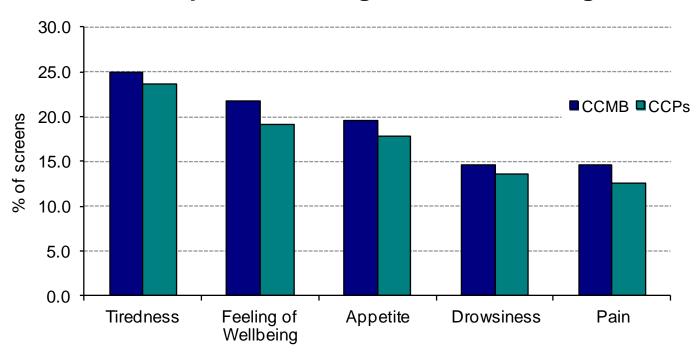
# COMMUNITY CANCER PROGRAMS OUTSIDE WINNIPEG N= 5, 618

Top 5 ESAS categories in the 7-10 range for CCPs



#### **TOP 5 ESAS IN 4-6 RANGE**

#### **Top 5 ESAS Categories in the 4-6 range**



#### Emotional, Practical, Informational, Spiritual, Social, Physical

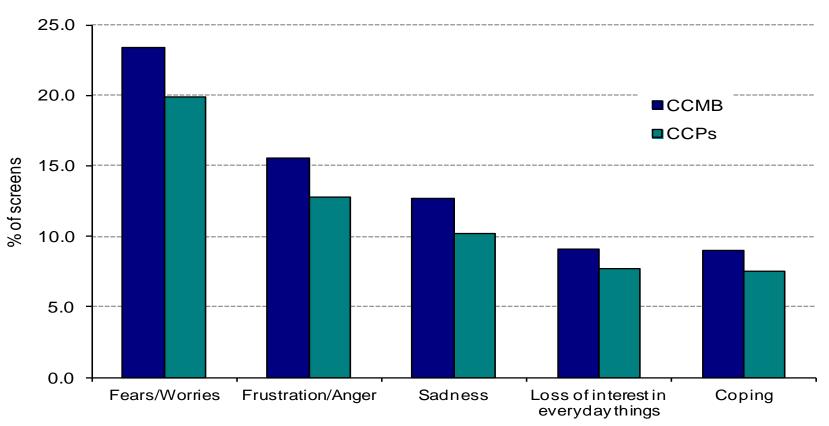
#### Rank Order for CPC Item Selection (12-23\*%)

#### 6 domains

1.	Sleep*	Physical
2.	Fears / Worries*	Emotional
3.	Constipation / Diarrhea	Physical
4.	Concentration / Memory	Physical
5.	Weight	Physical
6.	Worry about friends/family	Social/Family
7.	Frustration/Anger	Emotional
8.	Understanding my illness/treatment	Informational
9.	Sadness	Emotional
10	Feeling a burden to others	Social/Family

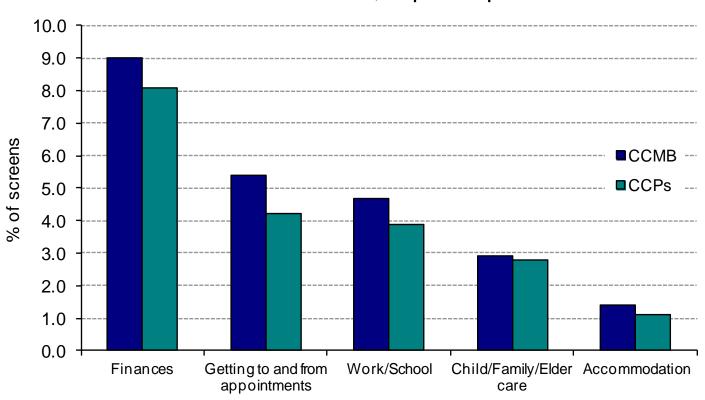
#### Canadian Problem Checklist: Emotional

#### Canadian Problem Checklist, Top 5 responses for Emotional

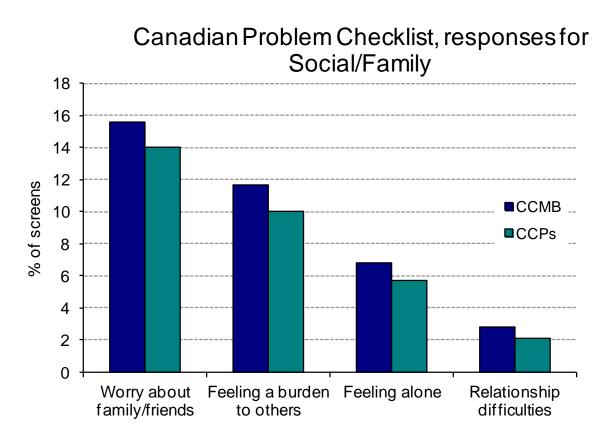


#### Canadian Problem Checklist: Practical

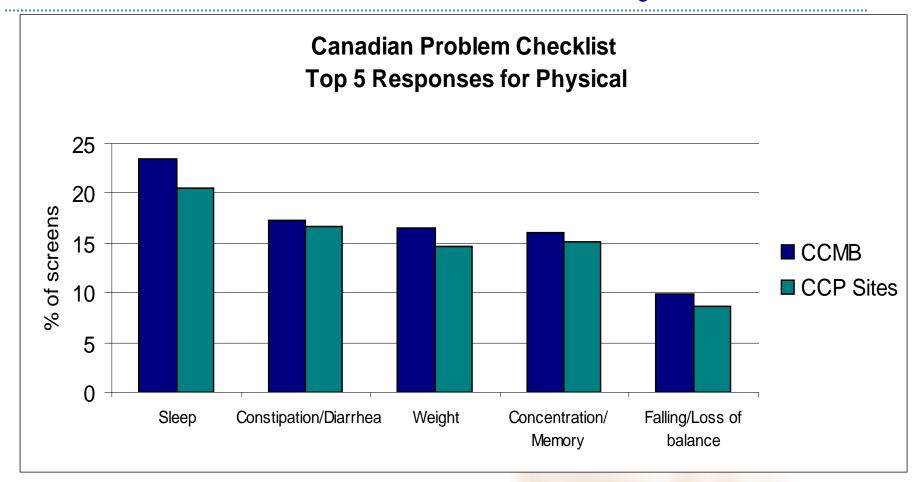
#### Canadian Problem Checklist, Top 5 responses for Practical



#### Canadian Problem Checklist: Social



## Canadian Problem Checklist: Physical



### Moving Forward in Manitoba

- Engagement of Nurse Educator and Managers and CNO
- Implementation in last clinics: Surgical Oncology and Gyne – WRHA Oncology programs
- Engagement of Epi and IS
- Partnership/collaboration with Alberta and Sask
- Audits/ongoing education/leveraging other work
- Screening Coordinator?
- HREB Evaluation and Data analyses



# Saskatchewan Cancer Agency Screening for Distress Implementation

By: Deb Bulych February 2014



#### **Current State / Outcomes**

- Implemented in 2011 with new patients at the Saskatoon Cancer Centre (SCC) and the Allan Blair Cancer Centre (ABCC) – paper based
  - Both sites implemented with screening new patients; primary nurses discusses the tool with patient and assesses/intervenes as required
- Allan Blair Cancer Centre
  - Fall 2013: expanded to all review appointments with an oncologist
- Saskatoon Cancer Centre
  - 2013: expanded to include Radiation therapists conducting screening for distress during first week of treatment
- Province wide New patient navigators conduct screening for distress with newly diagnosed patients

#### **Current State / Outcomes**

- Top three frequently identified distress symptoms rated ≥5 on the ESAS:
  - 1. Tiredness 35%
  - 2. Best well being 29%
  - 3. Anxiety 28%
- 3 most commonly endorse categories on the CPC
  - Emotional 61%
  - 2. Informational 60%
  - 3. Physical 52%

#### **Current State / Outcomes**

- Top three reasons of referrals from the ESAS :
  - Depression 35%
  - 2. Anxiety 32%
  - 3. Nausea 31%
- Top three reasons for referrals by CPC category:
  - Social/Family 39%
  - 2. Emotional 31%
  - Practical 28%

## **Evaluation Data/Outcomes**

#### Annual audits conducted

- August 2013: Allan Blair Cancer Centre
  - > 98% of patients participated
  - > 94% reviewed with nurse
  - > 71% issues assessed by primary nurse
  - Resulted in 64% referrals following assessment

# Implementation Data/Outcomes

- November 2013: Saskatoon Cancer Centre
  - > 82% of patients participated
  - 67% reviewed and issues assessed by primary nurse
  - > 48% referrals following assessment

# Key learnings from the implementation:

- Dedicated coordinators are required in each treatment center to coordinate and champion the program
  - Coordinators hired in July 2013
- Conduct regular training and encouragement to staff
- Conduct ongoing monitoring and audits. Share results with staff
- Develop clear care pathways, procedures, and documentation protocols
- Future evaluation should include patient experience and staff competencies with Screening for Distress

#### Screening for Distress as a patient reported outcome

- Utilizing data collected from Screening for Distress can inform our practice
- Through identified patient need in the implementation phase 3 new programs were created:
  - Pain and Symptom Management clinics
  - 2. Sexuality counselling
  - Fatigue program
- Evaluation results showed the Aboriginal and Metis population had a much higher percentage of CPC issues
- Each of these needs were consistently identified by patients in Screening for Distress and led to the creation of programs to meet those patient reported needs



# Enhancing Person-Centred Care Through: Screening for Distress, the 6<sup>th</sup> Vital Sign

**Project Lead:** 

Linda C. Watson

**Clinical Sponsor:** 

Dr. Barry Bultz

**Program Assistant:** 

Andrea Williams

**Provincial Coordinator:** 

**Shannon Groff** 

TBCC Site Coordinator:

Sydney Phillips

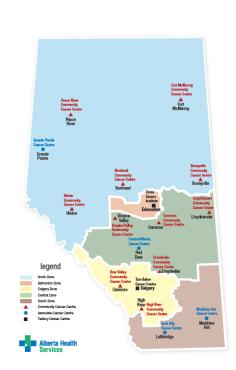
**CCI Site Coordinator:** 

**Brent Schaitel** 



## Screening for Distress as a Priority in Alberta

- Long history with screening
  - 2005: TBCC Research and program
  - 2010: Funded by the Partnership to implement in 3 areas
- Important Endorsements:
  - Accreditation Canada (2009)
  - Alberta Cancer Plan (2013)
- Enhanced Care Grant (2012-2014)
  - Implement routine screening in 17 cancer centres





# **Goals of Provincial Program**

- Establish Screening for Distress as a standard component of care delivery across cancer care
- 2. Improve Person-Centredness of care delivery (Quality Improvement)
- 3. Establish a consistent set of data points collected across province (outcomes)
- 4. Ensure sustainability of practice change





# **Models of Implementation**

#### **TBCC**

Coordinator connects with Tumour Group Leader and Coordinator

Coordinator works with identified staff to develop plan

#### CO

Site Visit and Presentation

Navigator Trained and Orientated

Work with site/Nav to develop plan

#### CCI

Coordinator works with management & nursing ed. to identify area of implementation

In conjunction with this group and area specific staff develops plan

**Baseline Data Collected** 

Additional Training Provided

Implementation

Ongoing QI

Post Data Collection

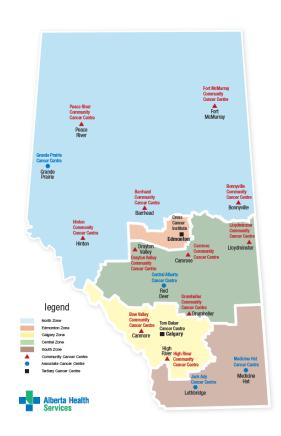


Feedback and Future Plans



# **Current Status of Implementation**

- Community Cancer Centres
  - Screening (11/11): Hinton, Barrhead, Drayton Valley, Canmore, Bonnyville, High River, Peace River, Drumheller, Camrose, Fort McMurray, Lloydminster
- Associate Cancer Centres
  - Screening (4/4): Medicine Hat, Grande Prairie, Red Deer, Lethbridge
- Tertiary Sites
  - TBCC: Screening 24/24 groups
  - CCI: Screening 4/4 groups







# **Standard Components**

- Basic Model
- Recommendations
  - All patients
  - Routine
  - Minimum data set
- Charting requirements
- Education Content
- Evaluation Framework-Provincial/Project Accountabilities

Alberta Health Services  Screening for Distress								Affix patient label within this box.						this box.	
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Please circle the number	that be	st c	les	crib	es	hov	v y	ou f	eel	NO	W				
No pain		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst possible pain		
No tiredness		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst poss	sible tiredness	
(Tiredness = lack of energy)		Ĺ													
No drowsiness		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst possible drowsiness		
(Drowsiness = feeling sleepy No nausea	)	_	-			-	_		_						
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	_	10		sible nausea	
No lack of appetite		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst poss	sible lack of app	
No shortness of breath		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst poss breath	sible shortness	
No depression (Depression = feeling sad)		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst poss	sible depression	
No anxiety (Anxiety = feeling nervous)		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst poss	sible anxiety	
Best well-being (Well-being = how you feel o	verall)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Worst poss	sible well-being	
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Check all of the following	j items i	ha	t an	e C	URI	REI	NTL	Y c	one	cerr	15	for y	ou		
Emotional Fears/Worries Sadness Frustration/Anger Changes in appearance Intimacy/Sexuality Spiritual Meaning/Purpose of life Faith	Physical Concentration/Memory Sleep Weight Fever/Chills Bleeding/Bruising Cough Mouth sores Difficulty swallowing Special diet Heartburn/Indicestion							□ Walking/Mobility □ Trouble with everyday activities (i.e. bathing, dressing) □ Sensitivity to cold    Social/Family □ Feeling a burden to others □ Worry about family/friends □ Feeling alone □ Support with children/partner							
□ Work/School □ Finances □ Getting to & from appointments □ Home Care □ Accommodation □ Quitting smoking □ Drug costs	□ Vomiting     □ Diarrhea     □ Constipation     □ Bladder problems     □ Dizziness     □ Headaches     □ Vision or hearing changes     □ Numbness/Tingling     □ Changes to skin/Nails     □ Lymphedema/Swelling								In O O	forn Und Tall Mal Din Kno	nati ders king king ecti	ional stand g with g trea ve	ing my illnes	s and/or treatm care team ons/Personal e resources	

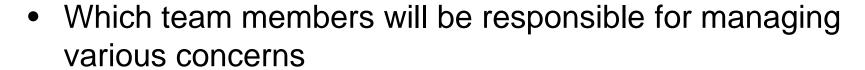
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# **Site Specific Components**

- Implementation plan
- Education strategy/approach





What are the referral options and pathways





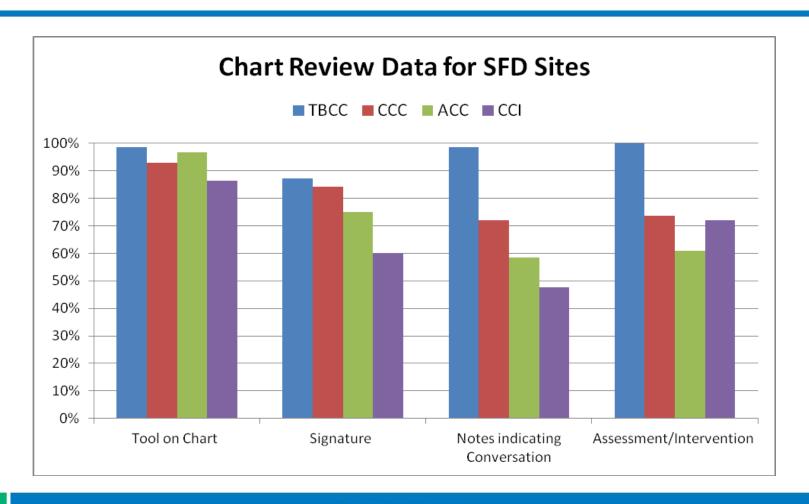
# **Evaluation**

- Robust pre/post evaluation across all sites
  - 739 pre patient surveys
  - 251 pre staff surveys
  - Currently completing post surveys
- Purpose of data collection
  - Evaluate implementation
  - Determine differences and similarities across sites and groups
- Ongoing quality improvement
  - Chart reviews





# **Chart Reviews**







# **Key Learnings Across Sites**

- Importance of being present & building positive personal relationships
- Phased implementation is vital
- Evaluation is a pain but important
  - Chart reviews are great for monitoring progress
- Sustainability should be a consideration in the implementation
  - Orientation, integration with documentation, resource pathways
- 2 years to implement a project this size is ambitious



# **Moving Forward...**

- Grant Extension
  - Solidifying practice change and ensuring sustainability
  - Positions: Interdisciplinary practice coordinator, Research Associate, Evaluation Assistant
- Utilizing the Data
  - Overall summary
  - Group specific data
  - Prevalence of concerns



- New Enhanced Care Grant
  - Responding to distress by utilizing supportive care guidelines
- Patient Reported Outcomes
  - Collecting and utilizing patient reported outcomes to drive care

# Moving Forward Together - PROs

- Building on our screening connections to submit PRO proposal
- Patient Reported Outcomes
  - Patient-reported outcomes have been defined as those outcomes that matter to the patient, distinct from diseasefocused outcomes they are usually self-reported (Cancer Quality Council of Ontario, 2003)
  - Our proposal builds on provincial similarities (same minimum screening data set & same EMR)
  - Over the next 3 years we hope to work together to:
    - Develop systems for the routine collection, analysis, and integration of PRO data into cancer care systems
    - Work together to utilize the data to select and implement QI initiatives

# **Questions & Discussion**



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