### Survivorship Forum

# Transitional care & shared care: Promoting continuity across settings

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### **Purpose**

 To celebrate and showcase promising practices related to patient transitions i.e., Fraser Health Service Delivery Model and how we work with the BCCA

 To promote continuity and a smooth transition between specialist care and care provided in other settings; a palliative approach through all the transitions and all settings





#### Service Delivery Model for Hospice Palliative Care

#### PRIMARY PROVIDERS

- Family Physicians Nurses Hospitalists Nutritionists
  - · Clinical Pharmacists · Spiritual Care Providers ·
  - · Community Health Workers · Social Workers ·
  - · Occupational Therapists · Physiotherapists ·
    - Volunteers

#### Home .

Assisted Living • / Respite

SETTINGS

- Residential Facilities
- Hospice Residences
- Acute Hospital Care
- Tertiary Units •

#### Patient Family

- Consultation
  Teams
- Tertiary
   Consultation
- Hospice Societies
- Bereavement Services
- Community Pharmacies
- BC Benefits
- BC NurseLine
- FH Standards of Practice
- Clinical Information Systems
- Education Performance Indicators •
- CCHSA Standards CHPCA Norms of Practice •
- Financial Indicators
   Research
   Central Database

#### **CENTRAL RESOURCES**

# SUPPORTS



# Everything in one place... a shared communication resource

#### Care at Home





other Parties

#### The Care at Home binder

- Every client registered in the FH End of Life Care Program
- A central storehouse of relevant information
- Communication tool for After Hours tele-nursing support (9 pm to 8 am, 7 days a week).
- HCNs teach clients & families to update and share with all care providers (including BCCA in shared care or overlap care).



# Collaboration, Integration and Partnership in Shared Care

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|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| Referral form Instructions:  |   | health   | ority  |   |  |
| Please complete the fax co     Fax cover page, referral for  | m and required docum  | entation to the location                       |  | PHN #:  |  |
| indicated in the fax cover pag<br>3) For urgent referrals, pho   | je header<br>ne referred agency to  | encure form(c) are rec                         | fraserhealth #   | PARIS #:  |  |
| PATIENT DETAILS  | ne referred agency to   | ensure formits, are reco                       |  | •   |  |
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| past past  | name, firstname)  |  |  |   |  |
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| Tel:   | DOB:  | Age:   | Aborigin   |   |  |
| Temporary Address:   |   |  |  | Temp Tel:   |  |
| Primary<br>Contact:  |   | Relation<br>ship:                              | Tel:   | Cell:   |  |
| PATIENT COMMUNICATION  | 5b-b-5b   |  |  |   | HLITY  |
| Language:  Need for translator?  Cognitive Impairment?   | Yes No Name: _  | Tel:   | Onknown  | ☐ Independent ☐ Inde<br>☐ Assist ☐ 1 pe<br>☐ Dependent ☐ 2 pe<br>☐ Dep  | erson assist<br>erson assist<br>erson assist<br>endent |
| DIAGNOSIS:   |   | Dx Date:                                       | PRIORITY LEVEL   | OF INITIAL CONTACT  |  |
| Patient/Family aware of dia  | agnosis? T Yes T  |  | Nursing: Wi  | thin 24hrs<br>ithin 48hrs   | 알 든  |
| PROGNOSIS: □ >1Yr □  | _   |  | — □up  | to 1wk  |  |
|  | ECOG:   |  | Reason for Urg   | ency if within 24-48hrs:  |  |
| Other Illness(es) Present:   |   |  |  |   |  |
|  |   |  |  |   |  |
| REASON FOR REFERRAL (ch  |   |  | PRESENT TREAT  | HELITE  |  |
| WPICC line care  | me care and services if or personal care or New Medications pain Pain scale: ymptoms of fatigue, we dial issues regarding the or care or end-of-life care | akness or SOB, nausea<br>eir palliative status | _ cl   | nt: Curative Pall by Enteral Feed erapy Oxygen alysis Pleurx Cathe alysis Paracentesis sisions ary Alternative Medicine tive treatment offered e: Time: | ing<br>eter Drainage<br>is                             |
| CARE PROVIDERS INVOLVE   |   |  |  |   |  |
| General Practitioner:  |   | Tel: _   |  | Pager:  |  |
| Radiation Oncologist:  |   | Tel:   |  |   |  |
| Medical Oncologist:  |   | Tel:   |  | Pager:  |  |
| Specialist:  |   | Tel:   |  | Pager:  |  |
| INFORMATION TO BE SENT  BC Cancer Agency Recent Consultation: History & Physical or  | OI (if BCCA, check here o   | nly) ☐ Signed ☐ Physici                        | BC Palliative Care E<br>an order<br>t MAR or medicatio | Benefits ☐ Social Service   |  |
| ADDITIONAL INFORMATION<br>BC Provincial No CPR form<br>Patient is aware of this refer<br>Family is aware of this refer<br>My Voice / Advance Directi | signed ⊏ Yes<br>erral ⊏ Yes<br>eral ⊏ Yes   | ⊢ No   |  |   |  |
| GOALS OF CARE  |   |  |  |   |  |
|  |   |  |  |   |  |
| PERSON SUBMITTING REFE   | PRAI  |  |  |   |  |
|  | MAL   | Tielor   |  | Dt  |  |
| Name:  |   |  |  |   |  |
| Tel:   | Ext:  | Pager:   |  | Fax:  |  |



# Transitioning Clients from BCCA to Fraser Health

Barbara McLeod, Clinical Nurse Specialist (CNS)
End-of-Life Care Program
Hermia Lee, Palliative-Focused Home Care Nurse
Tri-Cities Home Health
June 5, 2013

#### Location of video-taped presentation

H:\EVERYONE\Presentations\Nursing\2013\BCCA Palliative
Care Presentation\_5june2013.wmv



### Outcomes June 5 to October 31, 2013 Improved patient care

**Earlier referrals**: Allows HCNs to see patients when their PPS is higher i.e., time to **develop trust & relationship**; plan goals of care & work toward goals

- PPS is 70 to 60% +/or when treatment has stopped
   + patient is transitioning to comfort care.
- Preventing crises in the home with a PPS @ 30%

Improved communication: Time to speak with specialists and primary providers, including the Family Physician to highlight concerns and ensure client is known to us.

 Helpful to have the name of person referring, their contact information

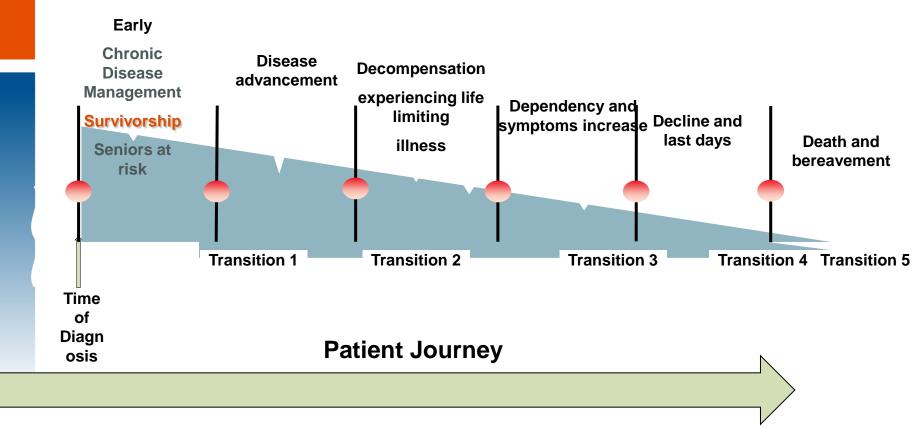


### Shared Care Summary: "Overlap of Care"

- Provide a gradual transition to Home Health to maintain trust of patient and family.
- Short, narrative summary of patient's course, major events and goals for future care:
  - Helps us determine what evaluations/services are needed to ensure that all major parts of a person's history are properly noted.
- Clarify goals of treatment: Patient's goals or BCCA's goals of care?
  - BCCA understands that active treatment is drawing to a close.
  - Is there any future care that BCCA team may be able to provide e.g., radiotherapy. "No more chemo; no more radiotherapy".



# Palliative Approach: Care through all the transitions



McGregor and Porterfield 2011



# Definition of a Palliative Approach



An approach to care focused on improving the quality of life of persons living with life-limiting conditions, and their families. It is provided in all health care settings. It involves physical, psychological, social and spiritual care. The palliative approach is not delayed until the end stages of an illness but is applied earlier to provide active comfort-focused care and a positive approach to reducing suffering. It also promotes understanding of loss and bereavement.

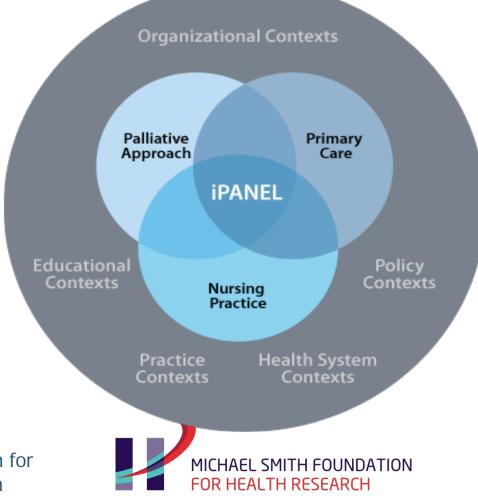


#### **iPANEL**

Initiative for a Palliative Approach in Nursing Evidence and Leadership

Our ultimate goal is to advance the further integration of the palliative approach into nursing practice in every care setting.

We know this takes the support & cooperation of many parties including health professionals, employers & health consumers...





Funded by the Michael Smith Foundation for Health Research | BC Nursing Research Initiative

### Preparing for a Palliative Approach Dr. Barb Pesut & Barbara McLeod Project Leaders



Health System & Policy Innovations

Preparing for a Palliative Approach

Patient & Family-Centered Improvements



# iPANEL Education Symposium Findings

- Held in 2012 brought 52 educators, clinicians, family caregivers, regulators, researchers, administrators and policy makers in BC together
- Asked the question: How can we best educate nurses and nursing care providers to provide a palliative approach to the care of individuals living with chronic illness across contexts of care?



 "the Lego approach to care whereby an individual is ..labelled as palliative and then specialized palliative care nursing comes to bear has allowed some nurses to abdicate their responsibilities for supportive care of the dying" this is not intentional neglect but a socialized model of care that delegates care to those perceived to be the most prepared.. What is required is a reclaiming to care of the dying at the basic level of preparation of every nurse. Report Author: Dr. Barb Pesut



### Symposium Findings: 2012

- Palliative clinical experience is often equated with specialized palliative care units rather than the many places that nurses work and care for the dying
- Education for a Palliative Approach and Palliative Care are not discrete bodies of knowledge
- Common foundation is recognition of the dying trajectory



#### Reflections

- Awareness that it is important to assess our own level of comfort with advance care planning and having difficult conversations.
- To familiarize ourselves with Advance Care Planning tools developed for cancer patients and families – see the CHPCA website – BC Cancer Agency supported through CHPCA the development of a specific tool for cancer patients and families.
- Surviving as health care providers after the cumulative losses of our patients; taking care of ourselves. How do I replenish myself?
- Importance of the palliative approach in all settings including the oncology setting i.e., advance care planning.



#### **Thank You**

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### "The gift is in the story"

Cameron Connor McLeod, Jr. July 25, 1985 – July 4, 2010

