

Systemic Therapy Update

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For Health Professionals Who Care for People with Cancer

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Editor's Choice

Effective Date for New and Revised Programs

Due to the Cerner upgrade brownout period:

- New protocols, pre-printed orders and Cerner PowerPlans will take effect 01 October 2025
- Revised protocols, pre-printed orders and Cerner PowerPlans will take effect 08 October 2025

Editor's Choice

New Programs

BC Cancer Provincial Systemic Therapy has approved the following new treatment programs effective 01 October 2025. Full details of all treatment programs are available in the Chemotherapy Protocols section of the BC Cancer website.

Gastrointestinal

Irinotecan, Oxaliplatin, Fluorouracil, Leucovorin and Bevacizumab as Palliative Treatment for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer (GIAVFIROXB) — The BC Cancer Gastrointestinal Tumour Group is implementing treatment with irinotecan, oxaliplatin, fluorouracil, leucovorin and bevacizumab for patients with locally advanced, locally recurrent or metastatic colorectal adenocarcinoma not curable with surgery or radiation. Treatment eligibility includes no prior chemotherapy in the advanced setting, or prior immunotherapy for patients with MMR deficient/MSI-H metastatic colorectal adenocarcinoma. A meta-analysis in this patient population compared patients assigned to irinotecan, oxaliplatin, fluorouracil, leucovorin and bevacizumab (intensified regimen) vs. FOLFOX or FOLFIRI chemotherapy in combination with bevacizumab. Patients assigned to the intensified regimen demonstrated significantly longer overall survival and progression-free survival. This was accompanied by higher rates of grade 3/4 neutropenia, febrile neutropenia and diarrhea.

Trastuzumab Deruxtecan for Second-Line Treatment of Metastatic or Locally Advanced Gastric, Gastroesophageal Junction or Esophageal Adenocarcinoma (GIGAVENH) — The BC Cancer Gastrointestinal Tumour Group is introducing trastuzumab deruxtecan, an anti-HER2 antibody-drug conjugate, for the treatment of patients with locally advanced or metastatic HER2-positive gastric, gastroesophageal or esophageal adenocarcinoma. Eligibility includes a prior anti-HER2 trastuzumab-based regimen in the first-line advanced treatment setting. There is a risk of medication errors between trastuzumab deruxtecan (ENHERTU), trastuzumab (HERCEPTIN/funded biosimilar) and trastuzumab emtansine (KADCYLA); to minimize the risk of medication errors, labels should be verified to ensure that the drug being prepared and administered is trastuzumab deruxtecan (ENHERTU).

The single-arm phase II DESTINY-Gastric02 trial in this patient population demonstrated that treatment with trastuzumab deruxtecan resulted in clinical benefit based on the objective response rate.^{2,3} Additionally, treatment with trastuzumab deruxtecan showed a clinically meaningful improvement in overall survival and progression-free survival. Common grade 3 or worse treatment-emergent adverse events included neutropenia and anemia. Trastuzumab deruxtecan was associated with interstitial lung disease; the incidence was consistent with rates reported in other patient populations.

Genitourinary

6-Weekly Pembrolizumab and Axitinib for Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma (GUAVPEMAX6) – The Genitourinary Tumour Group is implementing the GUAVPEMAX6 protocol, allowing for 6-weekly pembrolizumab dosing. GUAVPEMAX continues to be available with 3-weekly pembrolizumab.

References

- 1. Cremolini C, Antoniotti C, Stein A, et al. Individual patient data meta-analysis of FOLFOXIRI plus bevacizumab versus doublets plus bevacizumab as initial therapy of unresectable metastatic colorectal cancer. *J Clin Oncol* 2020;38(28):3314-3324. https://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.20.01225
- 2. CADTH Reimbursement Recommendation. Trastuzumab Deruxtecan (Enhertu®) Canadian Journal of Health Technologies 2025;5(4):1-29. https://doi.org/10.51731/cjht.2025.1115
- 3. Van Cutsem E, di Bartolomeo M, Smyth E, et al. Trastuzumab deruxtecan in patients in the USA and Europe with HER2-positive advanced gastric or gastroesophageal junction cancer with disease progression on or after a trastuzumab-containing regimen (DESTINY-Gastric02): primary and updated analyses from a single-arm, phase 2 study. *Lancet Oncol* 2023;24(7):744-756. https://doi.org/10.1016/S1470-2045(23)00215-2

Editor's Choice

Revised Programs

Breast

Zoledronic Acid for Treatment of Acute Bone Pain Secondary to Breast Cancer Metastases (BRAVZOL) — The BRAVZOL protocol has been updated to allow upfront treatment with zoledronic acid without the need for prior pamidronate. In addition, zoledronic acid may be initiated with the standard 12-weekly dosing interval. Dosing every 4 weeks is available with the option to switch between the dosing regimens at the discretion of the treatment provider. The use of zoledronic acid every 12 weeks vs. every 4 weeks has been shown to have comparable benefit on skeletal-related events in patients with bone metastases and no prior IV bisphosphonate therapy.¹ Less frequent zoledronic acid dosing and a shorter infusion time (15 minutes compared to 60 minutes for pamidronate) have the potential to save substantial time for patients and system resources.

References:

1. Himelstein AL, Foster JC, Khatcheressian JL, et al. Effect of longer-interval vs standard dosing of zoledronic acid on skeletal events in patients with bone metastases: a randomized clinical trial. *JAMA* 2017;317(1):48-58. https://doi.org/10.1001/jama.2016.19425

Dose Banding: Bevacizumab, Panitumumab

As part of the BC Cancer expansion of dose banding, standardized dose bands are being introduced for bevacizumab and panitumumab. Dose bands are integrated into protocols, pre-printed orders (PPOs), and the Cerner system, allowing prescribers and pharmacists to apply standardized dose bands during order entry and verification, streamlining workflows and enhancing sustainability in cancer care.

In addition, the suggested tablet/capsule combination tables for capecitabine and temozolomide are being formalized into standardized dose bands by incorporating them directly into protocols and PPOs. Currently, this applies only to capecitabine and temozolomide within bevacizumab- and panitumumab-containing protocols and PPOs. All outstanding capecitabine and temozolomide protocols and PPOs will have standardized dose bands incorporated in the subsequent months.

To accommodate the Cerner upgrade brownout period, protocols, PPOs and Cerner dose banding functionality will be updated on **08 October**. More details can be found in the *Clinical Informatics' Quick Reference Guide* for Cerner prescribers, *In the Know* for all prescribers, and Systemic Therapy **Procedure III-140: Management of Dose Banded Cancer Drug Treatments** available on the SHOP BC Cancer page.

Practice Standards and Policies

All Systemic Therapy policies are on the Shared Health Organizations Portal (SHOP) BC Cancer page.

DPYD Testing for Fluorouracil- and Capecitabine-Containing Protocols

This update reviews *DPYD* genotype testing processes to ensure a consistent approach for safe and effective patient care. *DPYD* testing is required prior to initiating fluoropyrimidine-based systemic therapy. This includes all treatment protocols involving fluorouracil (5-FU) or capecitabine, which are commonly used in the treatment of gastrointestinal, breast, and head and neck cancers. A *DPYD* test should **not** be ordered for patients who have tolerated 5-FU or capecitabine in the past (even without a prior *DPYD* test).

Practice Standards and Policies

The *DPYD* test requisition is updated as of 01 October 2025, and can be found at: http://www.bccancer.bc.ca/lab-services-site#Test--Request--Forms.

DPYD testing is performed weekly and the expected Turn Around Time (TAT) is routinely less than 14 calendar days. Actual TAT will **depend on the day when the specimen is received** at Cancer Genetics & Genomics Laboratory (CGL); therefore, patients should have bloodwork done as soon as possible to avoid delays in treatment. CGL will not routinely reply to emails regarding expedited *DPYD* testing or TAT.



DYPD Test Ordering

Step 1a - Check if Test Has Been Ordered or Results are Already Reported

- Has test been ordered?
 - o DPYD test may have been ordered at triage
 - Cerner → DPYD will appear in Orders tab under Laboratory section
 - CAIS → STEST OLAB/LABO resource note (once requisition is processed)
 - For GPO → check CONRef for note
- Are results already reported?
 - o Abnormal results are not flagged. Providers must review the report.
 - Results location:
 - Cerner → Documents → Molecular Genetics Report BC Cancer
 - CAIS → Provider Action List
 - CareConnect → Regional Lab

Step 1b – Uncheck DPYD Test in the Pretreatment Labs of PowerPlans if Test Already Ordered

Step 2 – Order Test if Needed

CST-Cerner	Non-CST-Cerner
1a. In PowerPlans, Test is prechecked in	1. Print and fill Requisition Form
Pretreatment Labs.	2. Give requisition to patient**
1b. Ad hoc → "LAB-Miscellaneous Test (Blood)"	
in search window → write "DPYD test" in	
the 'Name of the Lab test' field.	
2. Print and fill Requisition Form	
3. Give requisition to patient**	

^{**} Alternatively, the completed requisition can be either emailed (a PDF copy) to LifeLabs at PatientREQSBC@lifelabs.com or faxed to 1-888-674-0370. Note: patients should be instructed to wait 24 hours after the requisition is submitted before going to any LifeLabs location to ensure the requisition has been processed.

Step 3 - Give Patient Instructions

• Instruct patients to take the completed requisition and go ASAP for their *DPYD* test.

Practice Standards and Policies

Step 4 - Referrals to CON Sites

- MRP to note on CONRef if *DPYD* test has been ordered.
- GPO is responsible for reviewing results and adjusting the dose before treatment.

Dose Adjustments

- If null or reduced function allele(s) are identified, reduce 5-FU or capecitabine dose per dosing guidelines in the <u>Cancer Drug Manual[©]</u> on the BC Cancer website.
- If no null or reduced function allele(s) are found, use clinical judgment if the patient experiences early, severe, or exaggerated toxicity, or has a known family history of same.

Questions or Support

- Ordering or finding results in CST-Cerner: email <u>BCC_Vancouver_CST@bccancer.bc.ca</u>
- Interpreting results: email CancerGeneticsLab@bccancer.bc.ca
- For protocol-specific inquiries: contact Tumour Group lead

High Alert Medications List

The most recent additions to the **BC Cancer Oncology High Alert Medications List** include: brigimadlin, capivasertib, glofitamab, ivosidenib, LY2880070, mirvetuximab soravtansine, neladalkib, nelarabine, niraparib-abiraterone, revumenib and ropeginterferon alfa-2b.

Drug Update

Bevacizumab Infusion Rate

The bevacizumab infusion rate is being standardized across all bevacizumab doses.^{1,2} An accelerated infusion rate (0.5 mg/kg/minute) will apply to all bevacizumab infusions, starting from the first infusion. This infusion rate has already been in place in many protocols; for example, with 7.5 mg/kg infused over 15 minutes. All applicable treatment protocols and pre-printed orders are being updated.

References:

- Reidy DL, Chung KY, Timoney JP, et al. Bevacizumab 5 mg/kg can be infused safely over 10 minutes. J Clin Oncol 2007;25:2691-2695. https://doi.org/10.1200/JCO.2006.09.3351
- 2. Geirnaert M, Howarth J, Kellett C, et al. Off-label infusion of biosimilar bevacizumab: a provincial experience. *J Oncol Pharm Practice* 2020;26(7):1683-1685. https://doi.org/10.1177/1078155220945374

IV Bag Size Selection: Docetaxel, Gemcitabine Thiotepa

The **IV Bag Size Selection** table has been updated to include thiotepa and lower docetaxel and gemcitabine dose ranges. The **IV Bag Size and Vial Selection** resource is available in the <u>Cancer Drug Manual</u>[©] on the BC Cancer website.

Cancer Drug Manual[©]

All documents are available in the Cancer Drug Manual[©] on the BC Cancer website.

New CDM Documents

Note that the following drug is not a BC Cancer Benefit Drug and requires application to the BC Cancer Compassionate Access Program (CAP). The corresponding Interim Monograph and Patient Handout are made available for reference only.

The **Momelotinib Interim Monograph** and **Patient Handout** have been developed with expert review provided by Dr. Lynda Foltz and Dr. Donna Forrest (medical oncologists, BC Cancer Myeloid Tumour Group) and Robert Tillmanns (tumour group pharmacist, BC Cancer Provincial Pharmacy). Momelotinib is an orally administered inhibitor of Janus Kinases 1 and 2 (JAK1/JAK2), mutant JAK2V617F and activin A receptor type 1 (ACVR1). It is used in the treatment of myeloproliferative neoplasms. The usual dose is 200 mg once daily.

Highlights from these documents include:

- serious and fatal cases of infections have been reported; therefore active infections should be resolved prior to initiating treatment with momelotinib
- starting dose reduction is recommended for patients with severe hepatic impairment
- thrombosis, secondary malignancies, and major adverse cardiac events are reported with momelotinib

Momelotinib has been added to the Auxiliary Label List and was evaluated for the BC Health Authorities Provincial Hazardous Drug List.

Revised CDM Documents

Calaspargase Pegol Monograph and Chemotherapy Preparation and Stability Chart

Solution Preparation and Compatibility: added warning regarding light protection during storage and administration

Chemotherapy Preparation and Stability Chart: added requirement for light protection for storage and administration to *Product* and *Special Precautions* columns

Dexrazoxane Monograph and Patient Handout

Supply and Storage: added Juno brand

Patient Handout: updated language per current template throughout and deleted CARDIOXANE® brand name from the Banner Bar as dexrazoxane is not marketed in Canada or USA under this brand name (no longer "common" brand name)

Pembrolizumab Monograph

Uses: updated Health Canada-approved indications

Cautions: updated bullets to include information pertaining to transplant recipients

Side Effects table: added side effects identified through post-marketing

Side Effect paragraphs: added myocarditis to "less common" immune-mediated side effects

Cancer Drug Manual®

Trastuzumab Deruxtecan Monograph

Uses: updated Health Canada-approved indications

Parenteral Administration table: added new BC Cancer protocol GIGAVENH

Dosage Guidelines: added new BC Cancer protocol GIGAVENH; bolded and italicized BC Cancer standard

dosing for gastric cancer

Chemotherapy Preparation and Stability Chart

Cemiplimab: updated recommended in-line filter size to 0.2-5 micron

Gemcitabine: updated recommended bag size volume

Nivolumab: updated recommended in-line filter size to 0.2-1.2 micron

Nivolumab-relatlimab: updated recommended in-line filter size to 0.2-1.2 micron

Pembrolizumab: updated recommended in-line filter size to 0.2-5 micron *Temsirolimus:* updated recommended in-line filter size to 0.2-5 micron

CDM Editorial Board Changes

The Cancer Drug Manual[©] Editorial Review Board would like to bid farewell to **Brittany Freeman (Provincial Nurse Educator, BC Cancer – Prince George)**. Thank you, Brittany, for your many thoughtful contributions to the Cancer Drug Manual[©]. We wish you all the best in your future endeavours. And we welcome back longstanding board member **Michelle Lafreniere (Nurse Educator [Oncology], Provincial Practice Nursing, BC Cancer – Victoria)**.

Continuing Education

Family Practice Oncology Network

The Family Practice Oncology Network (FPON) is pleased to announce a webinar on the **Management of Early Breast Cancer for Primary Care: Guiding Patients While Awaiting Medical Oncology Consultation** with Dr. Sanji Ali. The webinar is on Thursday 16 October 2025, 0800-0900h, as part of the complimentary accredited FPON webcasts.

By the end of the session, participants will be able to:

- Differentiate between neoadjuvant and adjuvant breast cancer therapy
- State the factors influencing the decision to start neoadjuvant therapy and help determine the appropriate neoadjuvant therapy option
- Cite factors influencing the decision to proceed with adjuvant therapy and factors that help determine the appropriate adjuvant therapy option.

For more information and link to registration, visit:

FPON Webinar: Management of Early Breast Cancer for Primary Care | UBC CPD

Benefit Drug List

New Programs

The following treatment programs have been added to the BC Cancer Benefit Drug List effective 01 October 2025:

Protocol Title	Protocol Code	Benefit Status
Palliative Treatment for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Irinotecan, Oxaliplatin, Fluorouracil, Leucovorin and Bevacizumab	GIAVFIROXB	Class I
Second-Line Treatment of Metastatic or Locally Advanced Gastric, Gastroesophageal Junction or Esophageal Adenocarcinoma using Trastuzumab Deruxtecan (ENHERTU)	GIGAVENH	Class I
Treatment of Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma using 6-Weekly Pembrolizumab and Axitinib	GUAVPEMAX6	Class I

Revised Programs

The following treatment programs have been revised on the BC Cancer Benefit Drug List effective 01 October 2025:

Protocol Title	Protocol Code	Benefit Status
Second- or Third-Line Therapy for Metastatic or Locally Advanced Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction Cancer using Weekly Paclitaxel and Ramucirumab ✓ Protocol title updated	GIGAVRAMT	Class I

Highlights of New & Revised Protocols, PPPOs and Patient Handouts

BC Cancer Protocol Summaries, Provincial Pre-Printed Orders (PPPOs) and Patient Handouts are revised periodically. New, revised or deleted protocols, PPPOs and patient handouts for this month are listed below, with document revisions indicated in the respective columns. Protocol codes for treatment requiring BC Cancer Compassionate Access Program (CAP) approval are prefixed with the letter **U.**

NEW Protocols, PPPOs and Patient Handouts (new documents checked ☑)				
Protocol Code	Protocol Title	Protocol	PPPO	Handout
GIAVFIROXB	Palliative Treatment for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Irinotecan, Oxaliplatin, Fluorouracil, Leucovorin and Bevacizumab		$\overline{\checkmark}$	
GIGAVENH	Second-Line Treatment of Metastatic or Locally Advanced Gastric, Gastroesophageal Junction or Esophageal Adenocarcinoma using Trastuzumab Deruxtecan (ENHERTU)	\square	\square	
GUAVPEMAX6	Treatment of Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma using 6-Weekly Pembrolizumab and Axitinib	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	\square

Highlights of New & Revised Protocols, PPPOs and Patient Handouts

NOTICE: Due to the Cerner brownout period, all **REVISED PROTOCOLS/PPPOS** and corresponding Cerner PowerPlans will take effect **08 October 2025**.

REVISED Protocols, PPPOs and Patient Handouts (revisions in respective columns)				
Protocol Code	Protocol Title	Protocol	PPPO	Handout
BR Breast				
BRAJPAM	Adjuvant Therapy for Breast Cancer in Post- Menopausal Women using Pamidronate	Contact Physician and Eligibility updated; Tests clarified	Pretreatment metrics clarified; Tests updated	
BRAJZOL2	Adjuvant Therapy for Breast Cancer in Post- Menopausal Women using 3-Monthly Zoledronic Acid	Eligibility, Treatment and Dose Modifications updated; Tests clarified	Pretreatment metrics clarified; Tests updated	
BRAJZOL5	Adjuvant Therapy for Breast Cancer in Post- Menopausal Women using 6-Monthly Zoledronic Acid	Eligibility, Treatment and Dose Modifications updated; Tests clarified	Pretreatment metrics clarified; Tests updated	
BRAVCLOD	Therapy of Bone Metastases in Breast Cancer using Oral Clodronate	Contact Physician updated; Tests clarified	Tests updated	
BRAVPAM	Prevention of Skeletal-Related Events Secondary to Breast Cancer Metastases using Pamidronate	Tests clarified	Pretreatment metrics clarified; Tests updated	
BRAVZOL	Treatment of Acute Bone Pain Secondary to Breast Cancer Metastases using IV Zoledronic Acid	Contact Physician, Eligibility, Treatment, Dose Modifications, Precautions, terms of use and References updated; Tests clarified	Pretreatment metrics and Return Appointment Orders clarified; Tests updated; 4- weekly treatment option added	
GI Gastrointe	stinal			
GIGAVRAMT	Second- or Third-Line Therapy for Metastatic or Locally Advanced Gastric or Gastroesophageal Junction Cancer using Weekly Paclitaxel and Ramucirumab	Protocol title updated; Eligibility and References updated		
GIGAVTT	Third- or Later-Line Therapy of Advanced Gastroesophageal Carcinoma using Trifluridine- Tipiracil	Eligibility updated		
GO Gynecolog	gic			
GOCABR	Alternative Treatment of Gynecological Malignancies using Carboplatin and Paclitaxel NAB (ABRAXANE)	Tests and Dose Modifications updated; formatting	Tests updated	

Protocol Code	Protocol Title	Protocol	PPPO	Handout
GOCABRBEV	Alternative Treatment of Gynecological Malignancies using Bevacizumab, Carboplatin and Paclitaxel NAB (ABRAXANE)	Contact Physician, Tests, Treatment and Dose Modifications updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCISP	Alternative Treatment of Gynecological Malignancies using Cisplatin and Paclitaxel	Tests and Treatment table updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCISPBEV	Alternative Treatment of Gynecological Malignancies using Bevacizumab, Cisplatin and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician, Tests and Treatment updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCXBP	Maintenance Therapy of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Pembrolizumab with or without Bevacizumab	Contact Physician, Tests and Treatment updated; duplicate hyperlinks removed; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCXBP6	Maintenance Therapy of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with 6-Weekly Pembrolizumab with or without Bevacizumab	Contact Physician, Tests and Treatment updated; duplicate hyperlinks removed; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCXCAD	Primary Treatment of Advanced/Recurrent Non- Small Cell Cancer of the Cervix with Carboplatin and Docetaxel in Ambulatory Care Settings	Contact Physician and Tests updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCXCAT	Primary Treatment of Advanced/Recurrent Non- Small Cell Cancer of the Cervix with Carboplatin and Paclitaxel in Ambulatory Care Settings	Contact Physician, Tests and Dose Modifications updated	Tests updated	
GOCXCATB	Primary Treatment of Metastatic or Recurrent Cancer of the Cervix with Bevacizumab, Carboplatin and Paclitaxel	Tests, Treatment and Dose Modifications updated; formatting	Treatment and Tests updated	
UGOCXCATBP	Primary Treatment of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Bevacizumab, Carboplatin, Paclitaxel and Pembrolizumab	Contact Physician, Tests and Treatment updated; duplicate hyperlinks removed; formatting	Treatment and tests updated	
UGOCXCATP	Primary Treatment of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Carboplatin, Paclitaxel, and Pembrolizumab	Contact Physician and Tests updated; duplicate hyperlinks removed; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCXCPNBP	Alternative Treatment of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Bevacizumab, Carboplatin, Paclitaxel NAB (ABRAXANE) and Pembrolizumab	Contact Physician, Tests and Treatment updated; duplicate hyperlinks removed; formatting	Treatment and Tests updated	

REVISED Protocols, PPPOs and Patient Handouts (revisions in respective columns)				
Protocol Code	Protocol Title	Protocol	PPPO	Handout
GOCXCPNP	Alternative Treatment of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Carboplatin, Paclitaxel NAB (ABRAXANE), and Pembrolizumab	Contact Physician and Tests updated; duplicate hyperlinks removed; formatting	Tests updated	
GOCXCRT	Treatment of High-Risk Squamous Carcinoma, Adenocarcinoma or Adenosquamous Carcinoma of the Cervix with Concurrent Cisplatin and Radiation	Contact Physician and Tests updated; formatting	Prechemo metric timeframe and Tests updated	
UGOEAVDCAT	Treatment of Microsatellite Instability-High or Mismatch Repair Deficient Endometrial Cancer using Dostarlimab with Carboplatin and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
UGOEAVDPNC	Alternative Treatment of Microsatellite Instability-High or Mismatch Repair Deficient Endometrial Cancer using Dostarlimab with Paclitaxel NAB and Carboplatin	Contact Physician and Tests updated; duplicate hyperlink removed	Tests updated	
GOENDAJCAT	Neoadjuvant or Adjuvant Treatment of Endometrial Cancer using Carboplatin and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician and Tests updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOENDAVCAT	Treatment of Advanced or Recurrent Endometrial Cancer using Carboplatin and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician, Eligibility and Tests updated	Tests updated	
UGOENDAVP	Treatment of Microsatellite Instability-High or Mismatch Repair Deficient Endometrial Cancer using Pembrolizumab	Contact Physician and Tests updated; duplicate hyperlink removed	Tests updated	
UGOENDAVP6	Treatment of Microsatellite Instability-High or Mismatch Repair Deficient Endometrial Cancer using 6-Weekly Pembrolizumab	Contact Physician and Tests updated; Treatment clarified; duplicate hyperlink removed	Tests updated	
GOENDAVPL	Treatment of Endometrial Cancer with Microsatellite Stability or Mismatch Repair Proficiency using Pembrolizumab and Lenvatinib	Contact Physician and Tests updated; duplicate hyperlink removed	Tests updated	
GOENDAVPL6	Treatment of Endometrial Cancer with Microsatellite Stability or Mismatch Repair Proficiency using 6-Weekly Pembrolizumab and Lenvatinib	Contact Physician and Tests updated; duplicate hyperlink removed	Tests updated	
GOENDCAD	Treatment of Primary Advanced or Recurrent Endometrial Cancer using Carboplatin and Docetaxel	Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOENDD	Doxorubicin for Use in Patients with Advanced Endometrial Cancer	Contact Physician and Tests updated; formatting	Tests updated	

Protocol Code	Protocol Title	Protocol	PPPO	Handout
GOOVBEVG	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or -Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Gemcitabine	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Prechemo metrics and Tests updated	
GOOVBEVLD	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or -Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Doxorubicin Pegylated Liposomal	Contact Physician, Tests, Treatment and Dose Modifications updated	Tests updated, formatting	
GOOVBEVP	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or-Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician, Tests and Treatment updated	Tests updated; bevacizumab flush info removed; formatting	
GOOVBEVV	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or -Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Vinorelbine	Contact Physician, Tests and Treatment updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOOVCAD	Primary Treatment with Visible or No Visible Residual Tumour (Moderate, High, or Extreme Risk) or Treatment at Relapse of Invasive Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, and Primary Peritoneal Cancer, using Carboplatin and Docetaxel	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVCAG	Treatment of Advanced Ovarian Cancer in Patients Who Have Progressed or Recurred Following First-Line Platinum-Based Treatment using Carboplatin and Gemcitabine	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVCARB	First- or Second-Line Therapy for Invasive Epithelial Ovarian Cancer using Single-Agent Carboplatin	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVCATB	Primary Treatment of Invasive Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube or Primary Peritoneal Cancer with High Risk of Relapse using Bevacizumab, Carboplatin and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVCATM	Primary Treatment of No Visible Residual (Moderate-High Risk) Invasive Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube and Primary Peritoneal Cancer using Carboplatin and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician, Tests and Dose Modifications updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOOVCATR	Second-Line Treatment of Invasive Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube or Peritoneal Cancer Relapsing after Primary Treatment using Paclitaxel and Carboplatin	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVCATX	Primary Treatment of Visible Residual (Extreme Risk) Invasive Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube or Peritoneal Cancer using Carboplatin and Paclitaxel	Contact Physician, Tests and Dose Modifications updated	Tests updated	
GOOVCIS	Therapy for Invasive Epithelial Ovarian Cancer using Cisplatin	Contact Physician and Tests updated; formatting	Tests updated	

Protocol Code	Protocol Title	Protocol	PPPO	Handout
GOOVDDCAT	Primary Treatment of Advanced Epithelial Ovarian, Primary Peritoneal, or Fallopian Tube Carcinoma using Carboplatin and Weekly Paclitaxel	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Prechemo metrics and Tests updated	
GOOVDOC	Treatment of Relapsed/Progressing Epithelial Ovarian, Primary Peritoneal, or Fallopian Tube Carcinoma using Docetaxel	Contact Physician, Tests and Precautions updated; formatting	Tests updated	
GOOVETO	Treatment of Relapsed/Progressing Epithelial Ovarian, Primary Peritoneal, or Fallopian Tube Carcinoma using Etoposide	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Hypersensitivity banner added; Tests updated	
GOOVFPLDC	First-Line Treatment of Epithelial Ovarian Cancer using Doxorubicin Pegylated Liposomal and Carboplatin	Contact Physician, Tests and Dose Modifications updated	Tests updated	
GOOVGEM	Treatment of Relapsed/Progressing Epithelial Ovarian, Primary Peritoneal, or Fallopian Tube Carcinoma using Gemcitabine	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Prechemo metric timeframe and Tests updated	
GOOVIPPC	Primary Treatment of Stage III Less than or Equal to 1 cm Visible Residual Invasive Epithelial Ovarian Cancer or Stage I Grade 3 or Stage II Grade 3 Papillary Serous Ovarian Cancer using Intravenous and Intraperitoneal Paclitaxel and Intraperitoneal Carboplatin	Contact Physician, Tests and Dose Modifications updated	Prechemo metric timeframe and Tests updated	
GOOVLDOX	Treatment of Epithelial Ovarian Cancer Relapsing after Primary Treatment using Doxorubicin Pegylated Liposomal	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Prechemo metric timeframe and Tests updated	
GOOVPLDC	Treatment of Epithelial Ovarian Cancer Relapsing after Primary Treatment using Doxorubicin Pegylated Liposomal and Carboplatin	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVTAX3	Treatment of Relapsed/Progressing Epithelial Ovarian, Primary Peritoneal, or Fallopian Tube Carcinoma using Paclitaxel	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVTOP	Treatment of Relapsed/Progressing Epithelial Ovarian, Primary Peritoneal, or Fallopian Tube Carcinoma using Topotecan	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Tests updated	
GOOVVIN	Treatment of Relapsed/Progressing Epithelial Ovarian, Primary Peritoneal, or Fallopian Tube Carcinoma using Vinorelbine	Contact Physician and Tests updated	Prechemo metric timeframe and Tests updated; logo changed	
GU Genitourii	nary			
GUAVIPNI	Treatment of Metastatic or Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma using Ipilimumab and Nivolumab	Eligibility and Precautions updated		
GUAVNIVC	Treatment of Metastatic or Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma using Nivolumab and Cabozantinib	Eligibility and Precautions updated		

REVISED Protocols, PPPOs and Patient Handouts (revisions in respective columns)				columns)
Protocol Code	Protocol Title	Protocol	PPPO	Handout
GUAVNIVC4	Treatment of Metastatic or Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma using 4-weekly Nivolumab and Cabozantinib	Eligibility and Precautions updated		
GUAVPEMAX	Treatment of Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma using Pembrolizumab and Axitinib	Eligibility, Treatment and Precautions updated		
GUAVPEML	Treatment of Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma using Pembrolizumab and Lenvatinib	Eligibility and Precautions updated		
GUAVPEML6	Treatment of Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma using 6-Weekly Pembrolizumab and Lenvatinib	Eligibility and Precautions updated		
LU Lung				
LUAVATZ	Treatment of Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer using Atezolizumab	Peripheral IV and saline lock insertion clarified		
LY Lymphoma				
LYEPOCHR	Lymphoma with Dose-Adjusted Etoposide, Doxorubicin, Vincristine, Cyclophosphamide, Prednisone and Rituximab with Intrathecal Methotrexate	Anticoagulation management statement added		
MY Myeloma				
MYZOL	Treatment of Multiple Myeloma with Zoledronic Acid	Eligibility and Tests clarified	Pretreatment metrics, Treatment and Return Appointment clarified; Tests updated	

Bevacizumab dose bands have been integrated into the following BC Cancer protocols and provincial pre-printed orders. Protocols denoted with * have had the bevacizumab infusion rate updated. Protocols denoted with † have had capecitabine or temozolomide dose bands incorporated.

Code	Protocol Title		
CN Neuro-On	CN Neuro-Oncology		
CNBEV*	A Palliative Therapy for Recurrent Malignant Gliomas using Bevacizumab with or without Concurrent Etoposide or Lomustine		
GI Gastrointe	GI Gastrointestinal		
GIATZB*	First-Line Treatment of Advanced Hepatocellular Carcinoma using Atezolizumab and Bevacizumab		
GIAVCAPB†	Palliative Therapy of Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Capecitabine and Bevacizumab		
GIAVTTB*	Therapy of Advanced Colorectal Cancer using Trifluridine-Tipiracil and Bevacizumab		
GICIRB†	Palliative Combination Chemotherapy for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Irinotecan, Bevacizumab and Capecitabine		

Code	Protocol Title
GICOXB †	Palliative Combination Chemotherapy for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Oxaliplatin, Bevacizumab and Capecitabine
GIFFIRB*	Palliative Combination Chemotherapy for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Irinotecan, Fluorouracil, Leucovorin, and Bevacizumab
GIFFOXB*	Palliative Combination Chemotherapy for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Oxaliplatin, Fluorouracil, Leucovorin, and Bevacizumab
GO Gynecolo	gic
GOCABRBEV*	Alternative Treatment of Gynecological Malignancies using Bevacizumab, Carboplatin and Paclitaxel NAB (ABRAXANE)
GOCISPBEV*	Alternative Treatment of Gynecological Malignancies using Bevacizumab, Cisplatin and Paclitaxel
GOCXBP	Maintenance Therapy of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Pembrolizumab with or without Bevacizumab
GOCXBP6	Maintenance Therapy of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with 6-Weekly Pembrolizumab with or without Bevacizumab
GOCXCATB*	Primary Treatment of Metastatic or Recurrent Cancer of the Cervix with Bevacizumab, Carboplatin and Paclitaxel
UGOCXCATBP*	Primary Treatment of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Bevacizumab, Carboplatin, Paclitaxel and Pembrolizumab
GOCXCPNBP*	Alternative Treatment of Squamous, Adenocarcinoma, or Adenosquamous Cancer of the Cervix with Bevacizumab, Carboplatin, Paclitaxel NAB (ABRAXANE) and Pembrolizumab
GOOVBEVG*	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or -Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Gemcitabine
GOOVBEVLD*	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or -Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Doxorubicin Pegylated Liposomal
GOOVBEVP*	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or-Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Paclitaxel
GOOVBEVV*	Treatment of Platinum-Resistant or -Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer with Bevacizumab and Vinorelbine
GOOVCATB*	Primary Treatment of Invasive Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube or Primary Peritoneal Cancer with High Risk of Relapse using Bevacizumab, Carboplatin and Paclitaxel
SA Sarcoma	
SATEMBEV*†	Therapy for Advanced Solitary Fibrous Tumours and Hemangiopericytoma using Temozolomide and Bevacizumab

Panitumumab dose bands have been integrated into the following BC Cancer protocols and provincial preprinted orders.

Code	Protocol Title	
GI Gastrointestinal		
UGIAVPANEN	Treatment of BRAF V600E-Mutated Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Panitumumab and Encorafenib	
GIAVPANI	Palliative Third-Line Treatment of Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Panitumumab	
GIFFIRPAN	Palliative Combination Chemotherapy for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Irinotecan, Fluorouracil, Leucovorin and Panitumumab	
GIFFOXPAN	Palliative Combination Chemotherapy for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer using Oxaliplatin, Fluorouracil, Leucovorin and Panitumumab	

Resources and Contact Information			
Resource	Phone	Email / Toll Free / Fax	
$Systemic\ The rapy\ Update:\ \underline{www.bccancer.bc.ca/health-professionals/clinical-resources/systemic-the rapy/systemic-the rapy-update}$			
Systemic Therapy Update Editor	604-877-6000 x 672649	bulletin@bccancer.bc.ca	
Oncology Drug Information Cancer Drug Manual Editor Pharmacy Oncology Certification	604-877-6275 250-519-5500 x 693742 250-712-3900 x 686820	druginfo@bccancer.bc.ca nbadry@bccancer.bc.ca rxchemocert@bccancer.bc.ca	
CAP – Compassionate Access Program	604-877-6277	cap_bcca@bccancer.bc.ca fax 604-708-2026	
OSCAR – Online System for Cancer Drugs Adjudication and Reimbursement	888-355-0355	oscar@bccancer.bc.ca fax 604-708-2051	
Library/Cancer Information	604-675-8003	toll free 888-675-8001 x 8003 requests@bccancer.bc.ca	
Library Document Delivery	604-675-8002	requests@bccancer.bc.ca	
Pharmacy Professional Practice Professional Practice, Nursing Provincial Systemic Therapy Network	604-877-6000 x 672247 604-877-6000 x 672623 604-877-6000 x 672247	mlin@bccancer.bc.ca BCCancerPPNAdmin@phsa.ca ProvincialSystemicOffice@bccancer.bc.ca	
BC Cancer – Abbotsford BC Cancer – Kelowna BC Cancer – Prince George BC Cancer – Surrey BC Cancer – Vancouver BC Cancer – Victoria	604-851-4710 250-712-3900 250-645-7300 604-930-2098 604-877-6000 250-519-5500	toll free 877-547-3777 toll free 888-563-7773 toll free 855-775-7300 toll free 800-523-2885 toll free 800-663-3333 toll free 800-670-3322	

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