BC Cancer Protocol Summary of Therapy for Newly Diagnosed Malignant Brain Tumours with MGMT Methylation in Elderly Patients using Temozolomide

Protocol Code CNTEM60

Tumour Group Neuro-Oncology

Contact Physician Dr. Rebecca Harrison

ELIGIBILITY:

Patients must have:

- Newly diagnosed glioblastoma multiforme with MGMT promoter methylation, and
- Age 60 to 70 and not candidates for CNAJTZRT, or
- Age over 70 with adequate performance status to recommend post-surgical treatment

Patients should have:

- Karnofsky Performance Status greater than 50
- Adequate renal and hepatic function

CAUTION:

- Creatinine greater than 1.5X normal
- Significant hepatic dysfunction

TESTS:

- Baseline: CBC and differential, platelets, ALT and bilirubin, creatinine, glucose (patients on dexamethasone)
- Before each treatment:
 - Day 1: CBC and differential, platelets, ALT and bilirubin
 - Day 22: CBC and differential, platelets
- Every second (ie, odd-numbered) treatment cycle (BEFORE #1, 3, 5, etc): creatinine
- Neuroimaging every 2 cycles
- If clinically indicated: electrolytes, magnesium, calcium, glucose

PREMEDICATIONS:

ondansetron 8 mg given 30 minutes prior to each dose of temozolomide

TREATMENT:

Drug	Dose*	BC Cancer Administration Guideline	
temozolomide	150 mg/m ² once daily x 5 days (days 1 to 5)	РО	

^{*} refer to Temozolomide Suggested Capsule Combination Table for dose rounding

- Dose can start at 200 mg/m² for chemo-naïve patients
- Dose may be increased to 200 mg/m² for the second cycle if no significant hematologic, hepatic or other toxicity is noted (see below)
- Repeat every 28 days a maximum of 12 cycles.
- Discontinue for clinical or radiographic progression.

DOSE MODIFICATIONS:

1. Hematological

Day 1:

ANC (x109/L)		Platelets (x10 ⁹ /L)	Dose
greater than or equal to 1.5	and	greater than or equal to 100	100%
less than 1.5	or	less than 100	Delay*

^{*} Follow CBC weekly and re-institute temozolomide at 100 mg/m^2 if ANC recovers to greater than 1.5×10^9 /L and platelets recover to greater than 100×10^9 /L within 3 weeks

Day 22:

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ANC (x10 ⁹ /L)		Platelets (x10 ⁹ /L)	Dose
greater than or equal to 1.0	and	greater than or equal to 50	100%
less than 1.0	or	less than 50	Reduce one dose level**

^{**}Dose levels are 200 mg/m², 150 mg/m² and 100 mg/m²

- Note: Dose reductions below 100 mg/m² are not permitted. Temozolomide should be discontinued for repeat grade 3 or 4 hematologic toxicity (ANC less than 1 x 10⁹/L, platelets less than 50 x 10⁹/L) at the 100 mg/m² dose.
- 2. Renal dysfunction: Dose modification required for creatinine greater than 2 x upper limit of normal. Reduce to 100 mg/m² and discontinue if no resolution of renal dysfunction at this dose

3. Hepatic Dysfunction

Bilirubin (micromol/L)		AST +/or ALT	Dose
less than 25	or	less than or equal to 2.5 x ULN	100%
25 to 85	or	2.6 to 5 x ULN	Reduce one dose level**
greater than 85	or	greater than 5 x ULN	Delay***

^{**} Dose levels are 200 mg/m², 150 mg/m² and 100 mg/m²

 Note: Dose reductions below 100 mg/m² are not permitted. Temozolomide should be discontinued for repeat Bilirubin greater than 85 micromol/L and repeat ALT greater than 5 x ULN

PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. **Neutropenia**: Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated aggressively.
- 2. **Thrombocytopenia:** Day 22 platelet counts less than 50 x 10⁹/L should be monitored at least twice weekly until recovering. Platelet counts less than 20 x 10⁹/L and falling should be treated with platelet transfusion.

Call Dr. Rebecca Harrison or tumour group delegate at (604) 877-6000 or 1-800-663-3333 with any problems or questions regarding this treatment program.

References:

- 1. Wick W, et al. Temozolomide chemotherapy alone versus radiotherapy alone for malignant astrocytoma in the elderly: the NOA-08 randomised, phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncol 2012;13:707-15.
- 2. Malmstrom A, et al. Glioblastoma in elderly patients: A randomized phase III trial comparing survival in patients treated with 6-week radiotherapy versus hypofractionated RT over 2 weeks versus temozolomide single-agent chemotherapy. J Clin Oncol 2010;28:18s (abstr LBA2002).

^{***} Follow LFTs weekly and re-institute temozolomide at 100 mg/m² if Bilirubin recovers to less than 85 micromol/L and ALT recovers to less than 5 x ULN