

# BC Cancer Protocol Summary for Palliative Therapy for Metastatic Breast Cancer using PERTuzumab, Trastuzumab, and PACLitaxel as First-Line Treatment for Advanced Breast Cancer

**Protocol Code:**

**BRAVPTRAT**

**Tumour Group:**

**Breast**

**Contact Physician:**

**BR Systemic Therapy**

## ELIGIBILITY:

Patients must have:

- HER2-positive unresectable locally recurrent or metastatic breast cancer
  - HER-2 over-expression defined as either IHC3+, or FISH amplification ratio greater than or equal to 2 or HER2 copy number greater than or equal to 6.0 at a quality assured laboratory, and
- Previously untreated in the advanced setting, or
- Relapsed after at least 6 months of completing neoadjuvant or adjuvant trastuzumab-based protocol, or
- Relapsed on or after adjuvant trastuzumab emtansine (KADCYLA)

Patients should have:

- ECOG status 0 to 1
- Adequate renal and hepatic function
- Adequate hematological (ANC greater than  $1.5 \times 10^9/L$  and platelets greater than  $100 \times 10^9/L$ ) function
- No signs or symptoms of cardiac disease. For patient with equivocal cardiac status, a MUGA scan or ECHO should be done and reveal a normal left ventricular ejection fraction.

## EXCLUSIONS:

Patients must not have:

- Clinically significant cardiac disease (history of symptomatic ventricular arrhythmias, congestive heart failure or myocardial infarction within previous 12 months)
- Greater than or equal to **Grade 2** sensory or motor neuropathy
- ECOG 2 to 4
- Pregnancy or lactation
- Significant hepatic dysfunction
- Neoadjuvant therapy for locally advanced breast cancer is not funded

## TESTS:

- Baseline: CBC & **Diff**, total bilirubin, ALT
  - If clinically indicated: GGT, LDH, **alkaline phosphatase**, CA 15-3
- If clinically indicated: MUGA scan or echocardiogram at baseline and every 12 weeks during treatment is recommended but not mandatory

- Before each treatment for **Cycles 1 to 9** (cycles with PACLitaxel and the first cycle of PERTuzumab and trastuzumab only): CBC & Diff
- For ongoing treatment with PERTuzumab and trastuzumab only: CBC & diff, platelets (optional and only if indicated)
- **Prior to Cycle 4**: total bilirubin, ALT, GGT, alkaline phosphatase
- If clinically indicated at any time: total bilirubin, albumin, ALT, GGT, alkaline phosphatase, LDH, urea, creatinine, echocardiogram or MUGA scan

## PREMEDICATIONS:

- Not usually required for trastuzumab or PERTuzumab
- For PACLitaxel: **PACLitaxel must not be started unless the following drugs have been given:**
  - 45 minutes prior to PACLitaxel give dexamethasone 20 mg IV in 50 mL NS over 15 minutes
  - 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel give diphenhydramine 50 mg IV in 50 mL NS over 15 minutes and famotidine 20 mg IV in 100 mL NS over 15 minutes (Y-site compatible)
  - additional anti-emetics are not usually required
- If hypersensitivity reactions occur, premedications for re-challenge include dexamethasone 20 mg PO given 12 hours and 6 hours prior to treatment, plus IV premedications given 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel: dexamethasone 20 mg, diphenhydramine 50 mg, and H<sub>2</sub>-antagonist (e.g., famotidine 20 mg). If no hypersensitivity reactions occur, standard premedications (see above) will be used for subsequent PACLitaxel doses.
- Additional antiemetics not usually required.

## TREATMENT:

### Cycle 1 – PERTuzumab (Day 1) and trastuzumab (Day 2) loading doses:

Drug	Dose	BC Cancer Administration Guideline
PERTuzumab	840 mg loading dose <b>Day 1</b>	IV in NS 250 mL over 60 minutes Observe for 1 hour post-infusion
trastuzumab	8 mg/kg* loading dose <b>Day 2</b>	IV in NS 250 mL over 90 min Observe for 1 hour post-infusion.
PACLitaxel	175 mg/m <sup>2</sup> <b>Day 2</b>	IV in 250 to 500 mL NS over 3 hours (use non-DEHP bag and non-DEHP tubing with 0.2 micron in-line filter)

\* Select dose per Dose Banding Table (appendix)

**Cycles 2 to 8 (all drugs may be given on the same day if Cycle 1 tolerated):**

Drug	Dose	BC Cancer Administration Guideline
PERTuzumab	420 mg	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ IV in NS 250 mL over 60 minutes on the second dose, observe for 30 minutes to 1 hour post infusion**,</li> <li>▪ IV in NS 250 mL over 30 minutes on all subsequent doses if no adverse reactions, observe for 30 minutes to 1 hour post infusion**</li> </ul>
trastuzumab	6 mg/kg*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ IV in NS 250 mL over 60 minutes on the second dose, observe for 30 minutes post infusion**,</li> <li>▪ IV in NS 250 mL over 30 minutes on all subsequent doses if no adverse reactions, observe for 30 minutes post infusion**</li> </ul>
PACLitaxel (6 to 8 cycles only)	175 mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV in 250 to 500 mL NS over 3 hours (use non-DEHP bag and non-DEHP tubing with 0.2 micron in-line filter)

\* Select dose per Dose Banding Table (appendix)

\*\* Observation period not required after 3 consecutive treatments with no reaction

**Maintenance PERTuzumab and trastuzumab:**

Drug	Dose	BC Cancer Administration Guideline
PERTuzumab	420 mg	IV in 250 mL NS over 30 minutes on all subsequent doses if no adverse reactions
trastuzumab	6 mg/kg*	IV in 250 mL NS over 30 minutes on all subsequent doses if no adverse reactions

\* Select dose per Dose Banding Table (appendix)

Repeat every 21 days in responding patients. Give PACLitaxel for up to 6 to 8 cycles unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity. PERTuzumab and trastuzumab should be continued every 21 or 28 days after discontinuation of PACLitaxel in responding patients without disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

## DOSE MODIFICATIONS:

### 1. PERTuzumab and trastuzumab:

- Dose reductions are not recommended. Doses are held or discontinued due to toxicity.
- Discontinue PERTuzumab if trastuzumab is discontinued.
- Patients may continue to receive both PERTuzumab and trastuzumab if PACLitaxel is discontinued due to toxicity or after 6 to 8 cycles and without evidence of disease progression.

#### **Missed Doses**

- Re-load PERTuzumab if the time between 2 sequential infusions is greater than 6 weeks.
- Re-load trastuzumab if the time between 2 sequential infusions is greater than 6 weeks.
- If re-loading is required for either drug, the 3 drugs should be given in the same schedule as Cycle 1 (e.g. PERTuzumab Day 1, trastuzumab and PACLitaxel Day 2).
- The next cycle should follow 21 days from the re-loading dose.
  - Continue treatment with 21-day dosing cycle
  - After 6 to 8 consecutive cycles, may switch to 28-day dosing cycles

#### **Cardiotoxicity<sup>4</sup>** – PERTuzumab and trastuzumab

Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction	PERTuzumab and trastuzumab		
	Action	LVEF at Re-assessment <sup>†</sup>	Subsequent Action
A drop in LVEF to less than 40% and asymptomatic	Hold and repeat MUGA or echocardiogram in 3 weeks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Recovered to greater than 45% OR</li> <li>▪ 40-45% and less than 10%-points from baseline</li> </ul>	Restart
40-50% AND greater than 10%-points below baseline value and asymptomatic		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Less than 40% OR</li> <li>▪ 40-50% AND greater than 10%-points below baseline value and asymptomatic</li> <li>▪ symptomatic</li> </ul>	Discontinue
Symptomatic	Consider discontinuing	n/a	n/a

† If after repeat assessment within approximately 3 weeks, the LVEF has not improved, or declined further, discontinuation of PERTuzumab and trastuzumab should be strongly considered.

## 2. PACLitaxel:

### 2a. Hematological

ANC (x10 <sup>9</sup> /L)		Platelets (x10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	Dose
Greater than or equal to 1.5	and	Greater than or equal to 90	175 mg/m <sup>2</sup>
1.0 to less than 1.5	or	70 to less than 90	150 mg/m <sup>2</sup>
Less than 1.0	or	Less than 70	Delay

### 2b. Hepatic Dysfunction

AST and/or ALT		Total bilirubin	Dose
Less than 10 x ULN	and	Less than or equal to 1.25 x ULN	175 mg/m <sup>2</sup>
Less than 10 x ULN	and	1.26-2 x ULN	135 mg/m <sup>2</sup>
Less than 10 x ULN	and	2.01-5 x ULN	90 mg/m <sup>2</sup>
Greater than or equal to 10 x ULN	or	Less than 5 x ULN	Not recommended

ULN = upper limit of normal

**2c. Arthralgia and/or myalgia:** If arthralgia and/or myalgia from PACLitaxel of Grade 2 (moderate) or higher is not relieved by adequate doses of NSAIDS or acetaminophen with codeine (TYLENOL #3) a limited number of studies report a possible therapeutic benefit from the following:

- prednisone 10 mg PO BID for 5 days starting 24 hours post PACLitaxel
- gabapentin 300 mg PO on day prior to PACLitaxel, 300 mg PO BID on treatment day and then 300 mg PO TID for 7 to 10 days

**2d. Neuropathy:** Dose modification or discontinuation for PACLitaxel may be required. Refer to BC Cancer Drug Manual.

## PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. Cardiac toxicity:** Decreases in LVEF have been reported with drugs that block HER2 activity, including PERTuzumab. However, PERTuzumab does not seem to further increase the incidence of symptomatic congestive heart failure or decreased LVEF when used in combination with trastuzumab and PACLitaxel. Trastuzumab can produce declines in ventricular dysfunction and congestive heart failure (CHF). Discontinue treatment for symptomatic congestive heart failure or serious cardiac arrhythmias/events. Most patients who develop congestive heart failure respond to appropriate medical therapy and in some cases (where the benefit outweighs the risk) may continue treatment under close medical supervision.
- 2. PERTuzumab or Trastuzumab infusion-associated symptoms,** usually chills and fever, occur in 40% of patients during the first trastuzumab infusion (infrequent with subsequent infusions). Other signs and symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, pain (sometimes at tumour sites), rigors, headache, dizziness, dyspnea, hypotension, rash and asthenia. Symptoms may be treated with acetaminophen,

diphenhydrAMINE and meperidine with or without an infusion rate reduction. Rarely, serious infusion-related reactions have been reported (3 per 1000 patients) sometimes leading to death (4 per 10,000). Reactions include dyspnea, hypotension, wheezing, bronchospasm, tachycardia, reduced oxygen saturation and respiratory distress, and, uncommonly, allergic-like reactions. Patients experiencing dyspnea at rest due to pulmonary metastases and other pulmonary/cardiac conditions may be at increased risk of a fatal infusion reaction and should be treated with extreme caution, if at all. For serious reactions, discontinue the infusion and provide supportive therapy such as oxygen, beta-agonists and corticosteroids.

3. **Fluid retention:** Dexamethasone premedication must be given to reduce incidence and severity of fluid retention.
4. **Neutropenia:** Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated aggressively.
5. **Extravasation:** PACLitaxel causes pain and tissue necrosis if extravasated. Refer to BC Cancer Extravasation Guidelines.
6. **Hepatic Dysfunction:** PACLitaxel undergoes hepatic metabolism. Dose adjustments may be required.
7. **A possible interaction between trastuzumab and warfarin** has been reported. An increased INR and bleeding may occur in patients previously stabilized on warfarin. The interaction was noted in two patients after 8-10 doses of trastuzumab. An INR prior to starting the trastuzumab is recommended, then weekly for the first 3 months and then monthly if stable. Inform patient to watch for any bleeding. Modification of the warfarin dose may be needed. (JAMA 1999;282:2299-301).
8. **PACLitaxel Hypersensitivity:** Reactions are common with PACLitaxel. Refer to BC Cancer SCDRUGRX.

<u>Mild</u> symptoms (e.g. mild flushing, rash, pruritus)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ complete PACLitaxel infusion. Supervise at bedside</li> <li>▪ no treatment required</li> </ul>
<u>moderate</u> symptoms (e.g. moderate rash, flushing, mild dyspnea, chest discomfort, mild hypotension)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ stop PACLitaxel infusion</li> <li>▪ give IV diphenhydrAMINE 50 mg and hydrocortisone IV 100 mg</li> <li>▪ after recovery of symptoms resume PACLitaxel infusion at 20 mL/h for 5 minutes, 30 mL/h for 5 minutes, 40 mL/h for 5 minutes, then 60 mL/h for 5 minutes. If no reaction, increase to full rate.</li> <li>▪ if reaction recurs, discontinue PACLitaxel therapy</li> </ul>
<u>severe</u> symptoms (i.e. <u>one</u> or more of respiratory distress requiring treatment, generalised urticaria, angioedema, hypotension requiring therapy)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ stop PACLitaxel infusion</li> <li>▪ give IV antihistamine and steroid as above. Add epinephrine or bronchodilators if indicated</li> <li>▪ discontinue PACLitaxel therapy</li> </ul>

**9. Extravasation:** PACLitaxel causes pain and tissue necrosis if extravasated. Refer to BC Cancer Extravasation Guidelines.

**10. Neutropenia:** Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated aggressively

**Contact the BR Systemic Therapy physician at your regional cancer centre or the BR Systemic Therapy Chair with any problems or questions regarding this treatment program.**

#### **References:**

1. Dang C, Iyengar N, Datko F, et al. Phase II study of paclitaxel given once per week along with trastuzumab and pertuzumab in patients with human epidermal growth factor receptor 2–positive metastatic breast cancer. *J Clin Oncol* 2015;33:442-47.
2. Swain SM, Baselga J, Kim SB, et al. Pertuzumab, trastuzumab, and docetaxel in HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer. *N Engl J Med* 2015;372:724-34.
3. Yu AF, Manrique C, Pun S, et al. Cardiac safety of paclitaxel plus trastuzumab and pertuzumab in patients with HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer. *The Oncologist* 2016;21(4):418–24.
4. Keating, GM. Pertuzumab in the First-Line Treatment of HER2-Positive Metastatic Breast Cancer. *Drugs* 2012; 72 (3): 353-360.

## Appendix. Dose Bands

### TRASTUZUMAB DOSE BANDING TABLE

Ordered Dose (mg)		Rounded dose (mg)
From:	To:	
Less than 58		<b>Pharmacy prepares specific dose</b>
58	68.49	<b>63</b>
68.5	76.49	<b>71.4</b>
76.5	84.49	<b>79.8</b>
84.5	94.49	<b>88.2</b>
94.5	104.49	<b>100.8</b>
104.5	117.49	<b>109.2</b>
117.5	127.49	<b>117.6</b>
127.5	144.49	<b>130.67</b>
144.5	162.49	<b>147</b>
162.5	185.49	<b>168</b>
185.5	208.49	<b>189</b>
208.5	230.49	<b>210</b>
230.5	251.49	<b>231</b>
251.5	276.49	<b>252</b>
276.5	323.49	<b>294</b>
323.5	369.49	<b>336</b>
369.5	415.49	<b>378</b>
415.5	463.49	<b>420</b>
463.5	550.49	<b>504</b>
550.5	647.49	<b>588</b>
647.5	740.49	<b>672</b>
740.5	822.49	<b>756</b>
822.5	928.49	<b>840</b>
928.5	1046.49	<b>966</b>
1046.5	1150.49	<b>1050</b>
1150.5	1258.49	<b>1176</b>
1258.5	1390.5	<b>1260</b>
More than 1390.5		<b>Pharmacy prepares specific dose</b>